SEMI-WEEKLY NORTH-CAROLINA STANDARD.

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THE NORTH CAROLINA STANDARD

PUBLISHED WEEKLY AND SEMI-WEEKLY BY

WILLIAM W. HOLDEN,

EDITOR AND PROPRIETOR.

TERMS OF THE WEEKLY. Two dollars per annum in advance, or within the first month, Two dollars and fifty cents, if payment be delayed six months; and Three Dollars, if not paid within six months from the time of subscribing.

TERMS OF THE SEMI-WEEKLY. Four dollars per annum, in advance, or within the first month; Four dollars and fifty cents, if payment be delayed six months; and Five Dollars, if not paid within six months from the time of subscribing.

☞ The above rules will be inflexibly adhered to.

ADVERTISEMENTS not exceeding fourteen lines will be inserted one time for one dollar, and twenty-five cents for each subsequent insertion; those of greater length in proportion. Court orders and Judicidial Advertisements will be charged 25 per cent higher than the above rates. A reasonable reduction will be made to those who advertise by the year. Advertisements inserted in the Semi-Weekly Standard, will also appear in the Weekly Paper, free of charge.

Subscribers, and others, who may wish to send money to the Editor, can do so at all times, by Mail and at his risk. *Receipts for all sums will be promptly transmitted.*

Letters to the Editor must come free of postage.

A PROCLAMATION,

By His Excellency DAVID S. REID, *Governor of th State of North Carolina.*

WHEREAS, three-fifths of the whole number of members of each House of the General Assembly did at the last session pass the following Act:

AN ACT to amend the Constitution of North-Carolina.

WHEREAS, The freehold qualification now required for the electors for members of the Senate conflicts with the fundamental principles of liberty; Therefore,

SEC. 1. *Be it enacted by the General Assembly of the State of North Carolina, and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same,* three-fifths of the whole number of members of each House concurring, that the second clause of third section of the first Article of the amended Constitution ratified by the people of North Carolina on the second Monday of November, A. D., 1835, be amended by striking out the words "and possessed of a freehold within the same district of fifty acres of land for six months next before and at the day of election," so that the said clause of said section shall read as follows: All free white men of the age of twenty-one years (except as is hereinafter declared) who have been inhabitants of any one district within the State twelve months immediately preceding the day of any election and shall have paid public taxes, shall be entitled to vote for a member of the Senate.

SEC. 2. *Be it further enacted,* That the Governor of the State be, and he is hereby directed, to issue his Proclamation to the people of North Carolina, at least six months before the next election for members of the General Assembly, setting forth the purport of this Act and the amendment to the Constitution herein proposed, which Proclamation shall be accompanied by a true and perfect copy of the Act, authenticated by the certificate of the Secretary of State, and both the Proclamation and the copy of this Act, the Governor of the State shall cause to be published in all the newspapers of this State, and posted in the Court Houses of the respective Counties in this State, at least six months before the election of members to the next General Assembly.

Read three times and agreed to by three-fifths of the whole number of members of each House respectively, and ratified in General Assembly, this the 24th day of January, 1851.

J C. DOBBIN, S. H. C.
W. N. EDWARDS, S. S.

STATE OF NORTH CAROLINA, }
Office of Secretary of State. }

I, WILLIAM HILL, Secretary of State, in and for the State of North Carolina, do hereby certify that the foregoing is a true and perfect copy of an Act of the General Assembly of this State, drawn off from the orginal on file in this office. Given under my hand, this 31st day of December, 1851.

WM. HILL, *Sec'y of State.*

AND WHEREAS, the said Act provides for amending the Constitution of the State of North Carolina so as to confer on every qualified voter for the House of Commons the right to vote also for the Senate;

Now, therefore, to the end that it may be made known that if the aforesaid amendment to the Constitution shall be agreed to by two thirds of the whole representation in each house of the next General Assembly, it will then be submitted to the people for ratification, I have issued this my Proclamation in conformity with the provisions of the before recited Act.

In testimony whereof, DAVID S. REID, Governor of the State of North Carolina, hath hereunto set his hand and caused the Great Seal of said State to be affixed.

Done at the City of Raleigh, on the thirty-first day of December, in the year of our Lord, one thousand eight hundred and fifty one, and in the 76th year of our Independence.

By the Governor, DAVID S. REID.
THOMAS SETTLE, Jr. *Private Sec'y.*

Persons into whose hands this Proclamation may fall, will please see that a copy of it is posted up in the Court House of their respective Counties.

Office of Literary Board.

RALEIGH, February 17, 1852.

THE President and Directors of the Literary Fund have adopted the following Regulations for the information of persons wishing to purchase Swamp Lands belonging to the Literary Fund:

1. The applicant must, at his own expense, procure a survey of the land proposed to be purchased, to be made by the County Surveyor, who must make out two fair plats of the same, accurately setting forth the location, boundaries, distances, and number of acres.

2. Two disinterested and credible persons, to be designated by the Clerk of the County Court, shall examine the land and, on oath, assess the value thereof, subscribing their names thereto. The Justice of the Peace before whom the affidavit is made must certify the same,

3. The Clerk of the County Court must certify to the signature of the Justice of the Peace, and also that the persons selected to value are disinterested, credible, and beleived to be acquainted with the value of the land.

4. The applicant will then send the papers to this office, informing the Board whether he wishes to pay cash or purchase on time.

When these regulations are complied with, the Board will decide upon the application; and if the valuation and payments shall appear reasonable the sale will be confirmed, and, upon the payment of the purchase-money, a Deed will be executed. Where a credit is given, bond with approved security will be required.

The Board respectfully invites bids.

DAVID S. REID,
Ex-Officio Pres. Lit. Board.

Feb. 19. 908—8w.

Office of N. C. Mut. In. Co.

RALEIGH, FEB. 18, 1852.

THE Board of Directors of the North Carolina Mutual Insurance Company, at their annual Meeting held in this City, on the 13th day of January, 1852, levied an assessment of 3½ per cent on all premum Notes of the Company outstanding on the 15th day of December, 1851.

This with one-nalf per cent levied September 2nd, 1849, one per cent levied November 9th, 1850, and one per cent levied September 18th, 1851, will make six per cent on all notes subject to assessment on the 2nd September, 1849, and remaining unexpired and uncancelled on the 15th of December, 1851.

These assessments under the provisions of the Act of Incorporation, will be payable on or before the 20th day of April, 1852. All persons having premium notes in the Office will please remit the assessments thereon with as little delay as practicable.

By order of the Board,
JNO C. PARTRIDGE, *Sec'y.*

Raleigh, Feb. 18, 1852. 29—td.

SPRING AND SUMMER GOODS FOR 1852.

W. H. & R. S. TUCKER are now receiving their extensive and well selected stock of

Staple and Fancy Goods,

to which your attention is respectfully invited, consisting, in part, of the following:
Brocade Poult de Soi Silks,
Solid colored and White do,
White Brocade Silks,
Rich Plaid Chamelion Silks,
White and Black Watered do,
Super Black Gro de Rhine do,
Figured and Satin striped Challys,
Solid and Figured Bareges,
Fancy Silk Tissues,
Organdii Lawns,
French Jaconets,
Printed Muslins,
Brilliantes,
Plaid and solid Ginghams.
English and American Chintz,
Dotted, Checked, Swiss, Jaconet, Nainsook, and Tarlton Muslins,
Black Silk Lace Mantillas,
Plain and Embroidered Canton Crape Shawls,
Black Silk Lace,
French Worked Collars, Cuffs, Chemisetts, and Undersleeves,
Swiss and Jaconet Muslin Bands,
Scolloped L. Cambric and Reviere stitched Hdkfs.
Swiss and Jaconet Edgings and Insertings,
Real and imitation Valencienes Edging,
Ladies' and Gent.'s Kid Gloves, best quality,
do do Alexander's Silk Gloves,
Rich Bonnet, Neck, and Scarf Ribbons,
Silk Fringes, Buttons, and Trimmings,
French Working Cotton, Linen and Cotton Floss, &c., &c., &c.

37—

1852.

NEW SPRING & SUMMER GOODS.

At the Old Stand of

HEARTT & LITCHFORD:

RECENT arrivals have placed us in possession of a considerable portion of our Spring purchase, consisting in part as follows:
Printed and Plaid Chally,
Satin Plaid Bareges, and Plain.
Fig'd and Plain do.
Batisto Silks.
Barage Robes,
Barage Delanes,
Organdies,
French Jaconets and Lawns,
Printed Muslins,
Ginghams and Chambreys,
French Work, capes, collars, cuffs, and undersleeves,
Patent corded Skirts, a new article,
Bonnets and Ribbons.

And we respectfully invite our friends and customers generally to call and examine, as we are determined to offer inducements to purchasers.

HEARTT & JONES.

Raleigh, March 15, 1852. 37—

Hats, Boots and Shoes.

PERSONS in want of a fine Hat, for their good, we advise them to give us a call before buying elsewhere. We can show them, also, different styles of the Kossuth Hat, white and black.

Miles's Boots, and handsome article of Gents opera Gaiters. HEARTT & JONES.

Raleigh, March 15, 1852. 37—

Hats for the Season.

W. H. & R. S. TUCKER have just received their supply of HATS for their Spring and Summer Trade, which they can confidently recommend as being unsurpassed both in regard to style and quality. Their Moleskin HATS are something new and entirely different from any others offered in this City. We respectfully solicit a call as we are determined to sell, viz:
12 cases super extra Moleskin,
Men's and Boy's double Kossuth,
" " Lola Montes,
" " Texas and Spanish Campeachy,
" " Napier and Alboni Straw,
" " Braided Pedal
" " China Pearl "
" " Bl'k and White fashionable Leghorn,
Canada Straw and Palm Hats,
Ladies Riding Hats,
Misses and Infants' Fancy Straw Hats,
Gent's Leather Hat Boxes, &c., &c. 38—

SPRING GOODS, 1852.

Just Received, at my Old Stand,

PLAID Silks, Lawns and Challeys.
French Worked Collars, very low,
Embroidered and plain Linen Cambric Hdkfs.
Swiss and Muslin Edgings and Insertings,
Lisle Lace and Edgings, Bobbin Edgings and Insertings,
Ladies' colored Kid and Silk Gloves,
Gent.'s Kid and do do.
Black French Bombazine and Alpacca.

J. BROWN,
No. 9 Fayetteville street.

March 16. 37—

LOOK AT THIS!

3000 LBS. cut Nails and Brads, 4 to 40d.
100 pieces bleached and brown Shirtings and Sheetings.
1 bale Virginia Osnaburgs.
Prime old Java Coffee. Also, Laguira and Rio do.
Brown, Clarified, and Loaf Sugar.
Superior Green Tea and old English Mustard.

For sale by J. BROWN.

March 16. 37—

SPRING SUPPLY, 1852.

I AM now receiving a large supply of MEDICINES, PAINTS, OILS, CHEMICALS AND GLASS-WARE from the Manufacturers and Importers, and am prepared to furnish any articles in my line of the best quality, at such prices and upon such terms as must give satisfaction.

My old customers and those who have never dealt with me, are invited to send me their orders.

P. F. PESCUD.

March 18, 1862. 38—

Paints, Paints.

20,000 LBS. Blake's and other Mineral Paints of the following colors to wit: Yellow, Light, and Dark Drab, Light and Dark Brown and Black, also Patent White Zinc or Porcelain Paints, Brown Zinc Paint, Pure White Lead, American Patent Dryer, Venitian Red, Spanish Brown, Yellow Ochre, Lamp-Black, Litharge, Red Lead, Chrome Greene, Chrome Yellow, Vermillion, Sand Paper, and a large supply of Varnishes, Oils, Paint Brushes, and graining Tools, now in store and for sale very low by P. F. PESCUD.

March 18, 1852. 38—

Oils! Oils!! Oils!!!

1,000 GALLONS assorted Oils, for Painting, Burning in Lamps, Machinery, and Farming purposes. Also, a fresh supply just received of TAPERS AND LAMP OIL. Also, a supply of the best burning FLUID I have ever had. Also, a good supply of OLIVE OIL, fresh and sweet, just received and for sale low by P. F. PESCUD.

March 18, 1852. 38—

ORVIS CORN STARCH is now extensively used and held in high estimation for the preparation of Puddings, Blanc Mange, Ice Cream, Pies, Custards, Cakes, and Diet for Invalids. It is a very healthful and nutritious article of diet, and gives general satisfaction.

A supply just received and for sale by P. F. PESCUD.

March 18, 1852 38—

CITRATE OF MAGNESIA. Having made arrangements to prepare this celebrated aperient on a large scale, I am enabled to have a supply constantly on hand for my customers. P. F. PESCUD.

March 18, 1852. 38—

HUMMEL'S Essence of Coffee, one package of this Essence will go as far as 4 lbs. of Coffee. It has a delicate and fine flavour and a rich clear color. A supply just received and for sale by P. F. PESCUD.

March 18, 1852. 38—

WANTED. 1000 bushels of Flax seed, at the Drug store of WM'S. HAYWOOD, & CO.

Jan. 21, 1852. 24—

EVANS & COOKE,

No. 29 Fayetteville-Street,

RALEIGH, N. C.

WE have received, during the past week, the larger portion of our Spring purchase, consisting in part of the following articles: Domestic Goods, all prices; Calicoes, Ginghams, Hosiery, Gloves, Bed Ticking, Checks, Diaper, Linon and Cotton; all of which will be sold on the most accommodating terms to cash buyers, or to punctual customers on a short credit; as we buy Goods twice a year we shall collect in the same way. Don't forget

EVANS & COOKE,
One door above R. Smith's.

March 16. 37—

RECEIVED THIS DAY, a large assortment of Ladies' Dress Goods, Barege Delaines, Madonna's, French Jaconets, Satin stripe Bareges, Swiss and Jaconet Muslins, Printed Muslins, all patterns and prices, Black and colored Silks, Parasols from 25 cents to $4.

EVANS & COOKE.

March 16. 37—

A BEAUTIFUL assortment of BONNETS, from 50 cents to $7 50. Also, Bonnet Ribbons, Collars, Cuffs, Capes, Kid and Silk Gloves, super. quality.

EVANS & COOKE.

March 16. 37—

LACE and Muslin Undersleeves, Chemizetts, Black Silk Lace, Infant Bodies, Dotted Swiss Muslin, White Corded Muslin for Bonnets, Fancy and Jenny Lind Skirting. EVANS & COOKE.

March 16. 37—

ALL sorts of Goods for Gentlemen's wear. Black Cassimeres, Fancy do, Linen Drills, Cottonades, Black and Fancy Cravats for gentlemen, Vesting, &c.

EVANS & COOKE.

March 15. 37

ROBINSON'S SHOES, best quality, also common Slippers for Ladies.

EVANS & COOKE.

March 16. 37—

JUST RECEIVED, several cases Gent.'s Boots and Shoes, (Miles Boots, beautiful quality.)

EVANS & COOKE.

March 16. 23—

A HATS! HATS!! HATS!!!—You wil find, at EVANS & COOKE'S, Beebe's Kosseuth, Panama, Leghorn, Pearl Straw, China Pearl, Flats for Children, &c., &c.

March 16. 37—

Special Notice.

THE subscriber is compelled to require quarterly settlements with all persons having work executed at his Establishment. In conducting his large business, he finds it indispensable to its safe prosecution to require prompt and frequent payment. As this arrangement will work to the mutual advantage of all parties, it is hoped that all will strictly conform to it.

JOSEPH WOLTERING.

Raleigh, March 15, 1852. 38—tf.

Just Received.

A LARGE lot of very Superior Black and Green Teas from the New York Pekin Tea Company.

I pledge myself to sell at their retail prices, and the Teas I can recommend as genuine *prime.* Those who buy from me will not only, therefore, get a good article but will save from fifteen to twenty per cent. in the purchase. L. B. WALKER.

March 19, 1852. 39—

Just to Hand.

5 BARRELS Soda and Butter Crackers.
10 Boxes Raisins.
20 ½ do do.
400 lbs. soft shell Almonds.
300 lbs. fresh I ecan nuts.

L. B. WALKER.

March 19, 1852. 39—

Notice.

WAS entered on the Ranger's book of Chatham County, on the 16th of March, by Daniel Johnson, living near Lassiter's Cross Roads from Raleigh to Pittsborough, a Dark Roan Horse, supposed to be five years old, 5 feet high; valued at twenty-seven dollars and fifty cents; has signs of the gear and weak eyes.

JOSEPH HACKNEY, C. R.

March 26. 40—3t.

Kirkbride's Tattersall's Heave Powders—for the radical and permanent cure of heaves, broken wind, colds, glanders, and all diseases which affect the mucous membrane, of the lungs, win lpipe, throat and head of the *Horse;* also, to expel worms, loosen the hide, improve the appetitte and keep the animal in a good condition.

The subscriber has in store a fresh supply of the above valuable Medicine, and having seen its curative powers tested, is prepared to recommend it to the owners of diseased horses. P. F. PESCUD.

March 27, 1852. 40—

DR. MARCHISE'S *Uterine Catholicon,* is considered the greatest medical discovery of the age, for the cure of a certain class of Uterine Complaints, incident to the "last best gift to man." It obviates the necessity of Braces, Supporters, &c. All interested, can procure a pamphlet, free of charge, containing ample testimony from the medical faculty and patients who have been cured. P. F. PESCUD.

Raleigh, March 26, 1852. 40—

200 Laborers and Carpenters Wanted

ON the line of the Cape Fear and Deep River Navigation. Liberal wages will be paid on the 10th of every month, for the above number, which, as the season advances will be increased to 500 hands.

ISAAC CLEGG, *Pres't.*

March 8th, 1852. 35—tf.

E. L. HARDING & CO. have taken a Store in connection with Col. C. W. D. Hutchings, on Fayetteville Street, next door to W. L. Pomeroy's Book Store, where they will be pleased to see their friends and customers. E. L. HARDING & CO.

Raleigh, January 6th, 1852. 18—

Large Stock of Winter Clothing.

IN consequence of having our Store burned on the 15th of December last, we have on hand a much larger stock of Clothing than we feel willing to keep over the approaching Summer. We do therefore offer our heavy Winter Clothing at cost for cash.

E. L. HARDING & CO.

Raleigh, January 6th, 1852. 18—

Dr. J. S. Houghton's Pepsin.

THE true Digestive Fluid, or Gastric Juice, for the cure of indigestions, dyspepsia, liver complaints, jaundice, constipation and nervous delcine. Prepared from Rennet or the fourth stomach of the ox.

A full supply received and for sale by

P. F. PESCUD.

Raleigh, March 26, 1852. 40—

Cash for Old Copper.

THE highest price will be paid by the Raleigh and Gaston Railroad Company for OLD COPPER.

Apply to the subscriber, at the workshops of the Company. ALBERT JOHNSON.

March 22. 39—1m

GARDEN SEEDS.

I HAVE just received my Spring supply of Garden Seeds, embracing a large and well selected stock of the latest improved varieties. Those desiring an early Garden must call soon and examine my selection, before it is broken. P. F. PESCUD, Druggist.

Raleigh, January 27th, 1852. 24—

TO HOUSE PAINTERS.

50 BARRELS COTTON-SEED OIL, the cheapest and best Oil for outside House Painting, for sale by the barrel, apply to

WM. J. CLARKE.

Raleigh, March 16, 1852. 37—

SAVAGE & MEARES,

Commission & Forwarding Merchants

WILMINGTON, N. C.

August 12, 1851. 81—1y.

T. H. SELBY,

No. 12, Fayetteville Street, Raleigh,

IS now receiving and opening a large and well selected stock of *SPRING & SUMMER DRY GOODS,* bought entirely for cash, and will be sold at prices to suit the times.

The stock consists in part of the following: Chamelion Silks, superior black Gro de Rhine, do., Plaid silk Tissue, Printed Lawns and Muslins, a large supply of plain white Jaconet, Cambrics and Muslin, very cheap, check do., Figured Swiss Muslins, Book and Mull do., Thread, Swiss Jaconet, and Lisle Inserting and Edgings, Linen Cambric Handkf's, French worked Colors, Ladie's Kid and Black silk Gloves and Mitts, Bonnetts and Ribbons, a great variety of Ginghams and English and American Prints, shell Tuck Combs, and Side Combs, Umbrellas and Parasols. Particular attention is invited to my stock of silk and cotton Hosiery—it is large and will be found to be cheap.

March 24, 1852. 38—

Boots & Shoes.

ROBINSON'S SLIPPERS, Ladie's walking shoes, Miles & Son's gentlemen's Boots, calfski hoes, children and misses do. T. H. S Y.

March 24, 1852. 38—

Groceries.

BROWN, crushed, clarified and loaf Sugars, old Java, Miricabo, Laguyra and Rio Coffee, super Imperial and Hyson Tea, sperm, adamantine and Hull & Son's tallow Candles, New crop Molasses by the gallon or barrel, fresh Rice, &c. T. H. SELBY.

Hardware & Cutlery.

CROCKERY and Glass Ware, Castings, Blacksmith's Tools, cut Nails, Horse shoe nails and Horse shoes, weeding Hoes, Trace Chains, Sythe Blades, Patent Balances, Table Cutlery 51 pieces in a set.

March 24, 1852. T H. SELBY.

For the Gentlemen.

CLOTH, Cassimeres, Vestings, white Linen Drills, Farmer's Brown Linen Drill, Blay Linen, superior and cheap, Irish Linen, black silk Cravats, Pongee Handl's, black and white silk Gloves, black and colored kid do.; and a variety of other Goods suitable for the season. T. H. SELBY.

March 24, 1852. 38—

Domestic Goods.

250 PIECES Brown and Bleached Sheeting and Shirtings, 11-4 brown and bleached sheetings, Osnaburgs, and Penitentiary Plaids, white and colored straw Matting, Ladie's and Gent's travelling Bags.

March 24, 1852. T. H. SELBY.

Hats.

KOSSUTH HATS, of various qualities and prices, Panama, Leghorn, Tuscan, Palm Leaf, &c.

March 24, 1852. T. H. SELBY.

Spring Supply Just Landing.

200 BOXES Raisins—Bunch.
50 do do Layers.
250 drums Figs—Smyrna.
5 frails Dates.
5000 fresh Cocoa Nuts.
250 boxes Oranges.
100 do Lemons.
10,000 lbs. fresh Nuts, assorted.
10 cases Prunes.
254,000 Cigars of the very best quality.

In addition to which, I am just opening a heavy assortment of Soaps, Perfumery, Extracts, Oils, Fancy Articles, Common Jewelry, French Candies, &c.

Merchants are informed that I sell at Northern prices, and warrant my goods.

SAM'L. H. MARKS.

P. S. Good article of Candy at 12½c. per pound when purchased by the hundred.

Petersburg, March 9, 1852. 36—

GENERAL AGENCY.

THE undersigned offers his services as Agent for the transaction of any business in the City of Raleigh, at the Public Departments, the Banks, Insurance Offices, &c.

He may be found at the office of the Secretary of State. All letters addressed to him will be promptly attended to, and his charges will be moderate and satisfactory. RUFUS H. PAGE.

REFERENCES.

Gov. D. S. Reid, Wm. Hill, *Sec'y. State,* D. W. Courts, *Pub. Treas.* Wm. J. Clarke, *Comp't. of State,* E. B. Freeman, *Clerk Sup Court,* Geo. W. Mordecai, *Prest. of Bank of the State.* Wm. H. Jones, *Cash'r. Bank of Cape Fear,* W. W. Vass, *Treas. R. & G. R. R.*

Raleigh, Dec., 18, 1851. 14—tf

MRS. WOLTERING

RESPECTFULLY announces to the Ladies of Raleigh and surrounding country that she is now receiving her FALL and WINTER STOCK of FANCY GOODS, embracing China goods, fine iron-stone dinner-setts, tea-setts, and cups and saucers as fine as ever brought to this City.

Also, GROCERIES of every description. MUSICAL INSTRUMENTS, &c., which will be sold low for cash.

Just Received, a fresh supply of CONFECTIONARIES.

Thankful for past favors, she solicits a continuance of the same.

WILHELMINA WOLTERING.

Raleigh, Sept. 12th, 1851. 90—y.

RECTIFIED WHISKEY.

THE Subscribers have constantly on hand, and are prepared to furnish any quantity of their very

Superior Rectified Whiskey,

at about Baltimore prices, in lots of four barrels and upwards for *Cash.* Also, New England Rum, Brandy, Gin, Wine, Cordial, and all Domestie Liquors. Persons buying of us will save a profit in freight and other charges, from the Northern Markets, and always get a good and pure article. All we ask is a trial of quality and prices. L. LUNSFORD & SON.

Petersburg, Va.

March 10, 1852. 911—4tw.

A Teacher Wanted.

THE Trustees of the Tarborough Academy would be glad to employ a gentleman, to take charge of the Male Academy. A gentleman, properly qualified, would find it a desirable situation, as the school, for the last ten years, has exceeded 40 pupils per session. The health of the place is satisfactorily established, by experience of the past.

The time of the present incumbent expires in June.

By order of the Trustees.

HENRY T. CLARK, *Sec'y.*

March 15, 1852. 41—3t.

Notice.

ALL persons indebted to the Estate of EPHRAIM HOLMES will please make payment to the subscriber, who has taken out letters of administration upon said Estate; and all persons having claims against the Estate must present them within the time prescribed by Law. JOS. J. W. TUCKER, Adm'r.

March 22. 39—

Berage Delaines.

A HANDSOME variety just received.

Also, Spring Calicoes, J. BROWN.

March 22. 39—

Just Received.

A Lot of fine Buckwheat Flour.

8 Barrels of No. 1 Herrings.

Raleigh March 10, 1852. HENRY KEIM.

THE LILLY AND THE BEE: an Apologue of the Crystal Palace. Received this day by

HENRY D. TURNER.
N. C. Bookstore.

A LOT of Cotton Bagging and Rope yet on hand and for sale by T. H. SELBY.

Feb. 9. 28—

A PRIME article of NEW CROP MOLASSES, just received and for sale by the gallon or barrel. T. H. SELBY.

Feb. 9. 28—

THE VARIETY STORE!

HENRY KIEM'S

North of Yarbrough's and opposite Lawrence's Hotel,

RALEIGH, N. C.

JUST RECEIVED and for sale at the lowest cash prices, the following articles, to-wit:
3 Barrels of Mackerel.
2 do. New Lard,
4 do. Irish Potitoes,
6 do. Assorted Crackers,
2 do. Pulverized Sugar,
3 do. Clarified do.
2 do. Crushed do.
800 lbs. Goshen Butter,
800 " Cheese,
Rio, Laguira, and Java Coffee,
Sperm, Adamantine and Tallow Candles,
5000 Black Principe Cegars, Regalia, Havana,
&c. &c. &c. &c.

January 2, 1852. 18—tf.

Portrait Painting.

PROF. DeENSZLINY, Miniature and Aquarell painter, begs leave to inform the citizens of Raleigh, that he offers them his professional services during the present month. Having successfully practised his fine Art in Europe and America, he flatters himself that he is able to execute a finer Portrait than ever has been done in this place. Some of his work may be seen at the two Bookstores, which have kindly granted that permission, and where orders may be left, all of which will receive prompt attention. To give entire satisfaction the price for a Portrait is reduced to Ten Dollars. His lodgings may be found at Mrs. Hollister's, near the R. & G. R. Depot, where he may be seen from 12 to 2 o'clock every day.

Raleigh, March 16, 1852. 38—4t.

SMITH, WATSON & CO.

IMPORTERS OF HARD-WARE,

No. 87, South Third St., Philadelphia.

CHARLES H. SMITH, JOHN T. WATSON, JOS. DUNGAN.

DR. J. T. WATSON, late of Warrenton, N. C., having removed to Philadelphia and engaged in the HARDWARE BUSINESS, in the above Firm, would respectfully invite the Merchants of North Carolina, and other Southern States, to call and examine their Stock, which is entirely new and will be sold on as favorable tems as in any other market in this country.

Philadelphia, Feb. 19, 1852. 908—1m.

OLD AXES MADE NEW.

THE Subscriber begs leave to inform his friends and the public generally that he has taken the stand formerly occupied by Mr. Silas Burns, and that he is prepared to execute any Job in his line as Blacksmith, particularly OLD AXES MADE NEW. Having served his Apprenticeship with Mr. Burns, he flatters himself that he will perpetuate the character heretofore sustained by that Establishment.

My GRIST MILL is in good order; all Corn brought to it will be strictly and promptly attended to by

RALPH M. ANDREWS.

Raleigh, October 1, 1851. 887—w6m.

Marble Work and Iron Railings.

JOHN H. STRUTHERS & SON, No 360 Market Street, Philadelphia, Furnish all kinds of Marble Work—Mantles, Monuments, Tombs, &c., at the most reasonable rates, and work warranted equal to any house in the Union.

MOORE & GALLAGHER, Corner of Broad and Coates Street, Philadelphia, Manufacturer all kinds of Iron Pailings, for Enclosures, Balconies, Verandahs, and any Fancy Work, on the most reasonable terms. Orders attended to with dispatch.

September 27, 1851. 94—6m

For Sale Cheap.

1 BBL., Sugarhouse Syrup, 60 cents per gallon.
1 " New crop Molasses, 35 cents per gallon,
1 " Cider Vinegar, 35 cents per gallon.
1 " Sal Soda, (for washing) 6¼ cents per pound.
1 " Lindles, a nice dish, served like peas, but of a far superior taste, 9 cents per pound.
1 " Prunes, very good, when stewed with a little sugar, 13 cents per pound.
1 " English Peas, 56 cents per peck.

Call at
F. MAHLER'S,
Opposite the R. & G. R. R. Office.

February 24, 1852. 31—

Ladies', Misses' & Children's Shoes.

JUST RECEIVED,
Kid and morrocco laced walking shoes,
Do. ties and laced slippers,
Ladies' Goat skin Bootees,
Do. " Buskins,
Misses " Bootees,
Children's do.
White Kid Slippers.

ALSO,

Calf and Kip men's shoetees,
Do and do boy's and children's shoetees,
Women's leather shoes and bootees,
Heavy Brogans, for Railroad hands.

J. BROWN.

Raleigh, March 30, 1862. 42—

JOSIAH WELLS,

WHOLESALE

Grocer and Commission Merchant,

NORFOLK, VA.

FILLS orders for Groceries at low prices, and gives his best attention to the sales of Flour, Cotton, Tobacco, and other produce consigned to him.

Norfolk, Dec. 4, 1851. 12—6m.

L. B. WALKER,

DEALER IN

Confectionary and Groceries,

MANUFACTURER & WHOLESALE DEALER IN

CANDIES & BREAD, &C.

RALEIGH, N. C.

☞ Orders from a distance promptly attended to—Goods securely packed for any part of the State.

1852. 41—

Boot and Shoe Manufactory.

MR. DEPKIN would respectfully announce to the citizens of Raleigh and the surrounding country, that he still continues to carry on the above business, in all its branches, at Mr. Woltering's Hardware Store.

Thankful for the liberal patronage heretofore received, I assure the public that I will give universal satisfaction to those who entrust me with their work.

HENRY A. DEPKIN.

Raleigh. Jan. 9. 1852. 19—

Hats for the Season.

FASHIONABLE Black Moleskin, Latest Styles, made to order,
Panama, Leghorn and Palm Leaf Hats,
White and Black Round Crown Hats,
Call and examine for yourselves.

J. BROWN.

Raleigh March 30, 1852, 42—

GOOD NEWS FOR COWS!

L. W. PECK & CO. keep constantly on hand a supply of Cotton-seed and Flax-seed Meal.

Raleigh, March 16, 1853. 37—

LADIES' & MISSES GAITERS. A good supply of Laide's & Misses Black, Bronze, Blue, Green and light colored Gaiters, always on hand. Also, a great variety of Laides', Misses and Children's walking shoes

Raleigh, Feb. PARTIN & GILL.

FILL YOUR LAMPS, just received, a fresh supply of Burning Fluid, and Winter Strained Sperm Oil

P. F. PESCUD.

January 27, 1852. 26—

Salad Oil.

8 DOZ. Fresh and Sweet, just received at the Drug Store of WILLIAMS, HAYWOOD, & CO.

March 30, 1852. 41—

IMPORTANT SALE

Of Negroes, Mules, &c: 27th April next,

At Aiken, South Carolina.

THE undersigned having nearly completed their contract on the South Carolina Railroad, will positively sell, without reserve, on Tuesday the 27th day of April next, at Aiken, South Carolina, to the highest bidder:

130 NEGROES,	90 CARTS AND HARNESS,
85 MULES,	25 WHEEL-BARROWS,
3 HORSES,	100 SHOVELS.

Railroad Plows, Picks, Blacksmiths', Carpenters', and Wheel-wrights' Tools, &c.

Those negroes are beyond doubt the likeliest gang, for their number, ever offered in any market, consisting almost entirely of young fellows from the age of 21 to 30 years, some few boys, from 12 to 16 years of age, and four women. Among the fellows are first rate

BLACKSMITHS, CARPENTERS, COOPERS, BRICK-MOULDERS, WHEEL-WRIGHTS, AND WAGGONERS.

Among the women, one excellent Weaver and Seamstress, another one, a good Cook. All well trained and disciplined for Rail and Plankroad working, (having just completed a splendid piece of work at Aiken, S. C., under the management of a gentleman of very superior ability and experience, and well calculated to train them,) which makes them more valuable than untrained hands, to which we would respectfully beg leave to call the attention of those engaged in such enterprises.

The Mules are all stout, young, select, well broke and in fine order.

The Carts were gotten up by one of the best manufacturers in the State—Iron axles and not much injured by use.

We deem it unnecessary to say more, as the property will show for itself. Terms Cash.

Aiken, S. C., immediately on the Railroad, 16 miles from Hamburg. J. C. SPROULL & Co.

March 12, 1852. 913—wtd.

NEW ARRANGEMENT TO

New York, Philadelphia, Baltimore & Norfolk.

Via Seaboard & Roanoke R. R.

THE PUBLIC are informed that the cars are now running regularly on the Seaboard & Roanoke Railroad, connecting with the Baltimore Steamers at Norfolk and with the Wilmington train at Weldon.

The cars leave Weldon daily at 3½ o'clock, P. M., and arrive in Portsmouth at 7 P. M., in time for the Steamers for Baltimore.

The accommodation and freight train leaves Weldon on Tuesday, Thursday and Saturday mornings, at 6½ o'clock, A. M., connecting with the Steamer at Black water for Edenton and Plymouth. The steamers Stag and Schultz are now running daily (Sundays excepted) between Black-water, Edenton and Plymouth.

OWEN D. BALL, *Ag't.*
S. & R. R. R. Company.

Portsmouth, Va., March 18, 1852 38—1m.

Haydock, Clay & Evans,

Successors of Messrs. Haydock, Corlies and Clay,

No. 218, Pearl St. New York,

IMPORTERS AND WHOLESALE DEALERS IN

FOREIGN DRUGS & SELECT MEDICINES,

PAINTS, OILS, VARNISH, DYE-STUFFS, BRUSHES,

Surgical & Dental Instruments, Perfumery.

DR. ALEX. EVANS, late of Wilmington, N. C., having associated himself with the above Firm, respectfully invites the attention of dealers and merchants visiting the North to their large Stock of Goods, and will give particular attention to the orders of his friends in North Carolina.

February 25, 1852. 909—6m.

SPRING STOCK.

Boots, Shoes, Brogans, Trunks, &c.

WE have received by the recent arrivals, direct from the manufacturers our stock of Boots, Shoes Carpet Bags and other articles in our line, all of which have been selected with much care for our

WHOLESALE SPRING TRADE.

We flatter ourselves that a better or cheaper stock of Goods has never been offered in this market.

The attention of Merchants visiting our city is particularly called to the above.

W. R. JOHNSON, & CO.,

Wholesale and Retail Dealers in Boots, Shoes, &c., two doors below Paul & McIlwaine.

Petersburg, March 2, 1852. 34—1m.

SAMUEL H. MARKS'

WHOLESALE CANDY MANUFACTORY,

AND WAREHOUSE FOR

Fruits, Cigars, Fancy Articles, &c.

Established in 1830.

THE subscriber would respectfully call attention to his very large and extensive assortment of CANDIES, of his own manufacture, of every style and quality, which he warrants equal to any made in this country. Also, to his assortment of FANCY GOODS, SOAPS, PERFUMERY, TOYS, &c., selected with great care by himself, and which he offers on the lowest terms. Having made extensive arrangements, he will be enabled to offer every week to the trade fresh supplies of Northern and Malaga Fruits of the most recent importation. A call is earnestly solicited.

SAM'L. H. MARKS.

Petersburg, Oct 23, 1851. 1—

To the Travelling Public.

THE subscriber is now running a two-horse Hack from Gaston to Garysburg, about 17 miles, in connection with the Portsmouth Road, so that travellers go ing North can be accommodated in the promptest manner, as this line is also in connection with the Baltimore boats. The Hack leaves Gaston immediately on the arrival of the Raleigh train.

Travellers will save $2 by this route, and go about six hours ahead of the present arrangements.

W. R. PEPPER, *Agent.*

December 29, 1851. 16—3m.

NEW Wholesale Dry Goods House.

PETERSBURG, 17th MARCH, 1852. Our stock of superb Staple and Fancy Dry Goods for the Spring Trade is now complete, and ready for examination. As our entire stock is fresh, and has been purchased principally for cash, we can offer such inducements to the trade as are rarely met with in this or any other market.

We respectfully solicit a call from the merchants visiting our city. JOHN W. RICE & BROTHER.

No. 9, Bollingbrook street.

Petersburg, Va., March 17, 1852. 38—1m.

WE have on hand, a few large and small size iron and wood frame Trunks, which we will dispose of at reduced prices.

PARTIN & GILL.

Feb. 9. 28—

GRASS SEED. Red Clover, Blue Grass, Herd's Grass, Millet and Lucerne, just received by

WILLIAMS, HAYWOOD, & CO.

October 16, 1851. 001—

WEDDING Cake Boxes. One gross for sale by

H. D. TURNER,
N. C. Book Store.

Raleigh, January 1st, 1852. 17—

BIRD SEED. Canary, Rape and Millet, for sale by WILLIAMS, HAYWOOD, & CO.

Jan. 21, 1852. 24—

HAVEN'S

Photographic Miniature Gallery,

(Over the Post Office,)

FAYETTEVILLE STREET,

Jan. 31, 1851. RALEIGH, N. C.

BLACKSMITH'S TOOLS, in setts, together with a general stock of goods to suit the season, will be sold at reduced prices, to make way for a Spring Stock.

T. H. SELBY.

Feb. 9. 28—

Just Opened at Tuckers,

A LARGE stock of Lawns, Ginghams, and Muslins, from 10 to 75 cents.

WAKE AGRICULTURAL SOCIETY.

RALEIGH, March 25th, 1853.

The Wake County Agricultural Society assembled in the Hall of the House of Commons, agreeably to notice, at half past 2 o'clock, P. M.

The proceedings of the previous meeting having been read, the President introduced Alphens Jones, Esq., who addressed the Association some thirty-five or forty minutes, on the importance of knowledge, science and practice, to the perfection and the advantages of the art of Agricultural pursuits, and the advantages of associated efforts in accomplishing agricultural improvements. His address was replete with instruction and cogent argument, beautifully illustrated, and was listened to by the audience with profound attention, and manifest evidences of delight.

After Mr. Jones had concluded,

Mr. Lemay rose and said, it was an important stage in the progress of this Association, and as he saw in the assembly a distinguished gentleman, the Rev. Dr. Mason, who had devoted much of his time to the study of subjects immediately connected with the object of this Society, it was his earnest desire that the gentleman would favor us with some remarks on the subject of Agriculture, and more especially on the improvement of the soil.

Dr. Mason responded to the call in an able and instructive speech of half an hour's length, in which he demonstrated the importance of success in agriculture to the permanent prosperity and independence of any community—showed in impressive manner the necessity that education should be directed to the improvement of the soil, and the duty of the Legislature to foster and encourage the Agricultural interests of the State, and the duty of the people to demand it. He showed the importance of the Agricultural Society, and the duty of every citizen to encourage it by his influence and example, and concluded by urging the necessity of the Society's having a permanent location, and the importance of the Society's owning a library, and the duty of the Legislature to foster and encourage it.

Mr. Lemay, from the Committee appointed to prepare a Constitution, &c., reported the following:

Constitution of the Wake County Agricultural Society.

NAME AND OBJECTS.

Art. 1. This Association shall be called the Wake County Agricultural Society. Its objects shall be to collect and diffuse information concerning Agriculture in the kindred arts; and to encourage and improve the same among ourselves.

MEMBERSHIP.

Art. II. Any person may become a member of this Society by paying one dollar as admission fee, and one dollar annually thereafter, as long as he continues to be a member, for the use of the Society, which shall have implied in the payment of the admission fee a copy of the Constitution, by subscribing his name to the same, and agreeing to conform to it.

Art. III. Any person may become a member of the Society, at such times and places as may suit their convenience, for consultation, discussion, &c.; and through their Chairman, make an annual report to the Society, of the experiments and progress of improvements in the precinct.

AMENDMENTS.

Art. IX. This Constitution may be amended by a vote of two thirds of the members present at any regular meeting, notice thereof having been given at a previous meeting.

The foregoing Constitution having been read, was unanimously adopted.

The Society then proceeded to the election of its officers for the ensuing year: Whereupon the following gentlemen were unanimously chosen:

Charles L. Hinton, President.
W. F. Collins, 1st Vice President.
Willis Whitaker, 2nd Vice President.
John Hutchins, 3d Vice President.
Jere Nixon, 4th Vice President.
Henry W. Montague, 5th Vice President.
Wilson Whitaker, Recording Secretary.

There is much wholesome advice contained in the following new laws:

Spend only what you can afford.
Dont only what you get.
Dont only what you need.
Dont only what you know you good.
Then you will have no cause to say,
"I was a fool on yesterday."

Dem. Pyramid.

Merry's (Peter Parley) Museum.

Good Natured but Passionate. Addison has made the following observations on a class of persons with whom we occasionally come in contact. Though just, they are by no means flattering to the vanity of

"It is a very common expression, that such a one is very good natured, but very passionate. The expression, indeed, is very good natured to allow passionate people so much quarter. But I think a passionate person deserves the least indulgence of any. It is said it is soon over: that is, all the mischief he does is quickly dispatched, which I think is no recommendation in his favor. I have known one of these good natured passionate men say, in a mixed company, even to his own wife or child, such things as the most inveterate enemies of his family would not have spoken, even in imagination. It is certain that quick sensibility of affront is a strong natural propensity in the soil descend deeper from or come no nearer to the surface.

All this, it may be said, was very ridiculous. No doubt it was; as are the same vices, the results showed in Bisset's teaching of cats was a signal instance of his power to cultivate or eradicate a dark spirit in relation to slavery, whose gratification is sought in the pursuit of measures, and fell spirit in relation to slavery, whose only individuals but States have been possessed with

deations since the subject were made. Since not half (an 18-lb. shot) from the Belvidere came over the waist-cloth of the President, and such was the force of the ball that it actually cut off, without throwing down the person of the gentleman, (An there by the stopper) upon six or eight inches in length—killed one marine—took off the brains of a midshipman, Mr. Montgomery—killed another, Mr. Beer, together with the quarter-gunner—and finally lodged upon the deck, and was taken below by the surgeon, Mr. Davis, who took it in his hand and wrote on it with chalk, "Cornelia," here received your present, and will return it again."—stopped it his Excellency that it killed several of the officers and men on board the Belvidere, and finally lodged in the cabin of that vessel, and was afterwards hung up in the Belvidere's cabin as a curiosity. The immense wealth of these cities, amounting to millions of dollars, will always enable them to defy competition in the trade of master slave; and we

relation to the rights of master and slave, is much in a negro slave who belonged to Dr. Emerson, formerly portance. It was all to try the right to freedom of a negro who belonged to Dr. Emerson, of Missouri, at its recent session decided a question in relation to the rights of master and slave, is much in a large number of negroes, which have grown luxuriantly, and the usual crops, which they may think proper and necessary to promote the objects of the Society. Actual members of the Society shall be admitted to the meeting in the Board of Managers, with the right of debate, which be demonstrated the importance of success in agriculture to the permanent prosperity and independence of any community—showed in impressive manner the necessity that education should be directed to the improvement of the soil, and the duty of the Legislature to foster and encourage it.

Sec. 3. It shall be the duty of the Vice Presidents to assist the President in the duties of the Chair, and to preside and perform all the duties required of him, in the event of his absence, death or resignation.

Sec. 4. It shall be the duty of the Recording Secretary to keep a faithful record of the proceedings of the Society; notify meetings when duly ordered to try them.

Sec. 5. It shall be the duty of the Corresponding Secretary to assist the Recording Secretary, and in his absence perform the duties required of him; and attend to all moneys due the Society, and pay them over to the Treasurer, taking his receipt therefor; receive all moneys ordered to be paid by the Society; and perform such other duties as may be required of him by the Society.

The following gentlemen then enrolled their names as new members of the Society:

Joseph T. Hunter, Allen Adams, Quinton Adams, F. F. Moore, Rufus H. Ferrell, B. S. D. Williams, C. W. Williams, W. Williams, James Wiggins, B. T. Strickland, Patrick McGowan, R. B. Seawell, Wm. Pope, Charles Manly, John H. Jones, William Beckwith, Gaston Utley, Moses King, Henry Seawell, Wm. White, Jr., Caswell Powell.

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Art. III. Any person may become a member by a vote of two thirds of the members present at any regular meeting, notice thereof having been given at a previous meeting.

The foregoing Constitution having been read, was unanimously adopted.

The Society then proceeded to the election of its officers for the ensuing year: Whereupon the following gentlemen were unanimously chosen:

Charles L. Hinton, President.
W. F. Collins, 1st Vice President.
Willis Whitaker, 2nd Vice President.
John Hutchins, 3d Vice President.
Jere Nixon, 4th Vice President.
Henry W. Montague, 5th Vice President.
Wilson Whitaker, Recording Secretary.

The Society then proceeded to the election of its Managers, consisting of the officers of the Society, and ten members to be chosen by the Society; of which the President shall be *ex officio* Chairman; or, in his absence, one of the Vice Presidents. The Board of Managers shall prepare By-Laws for the regulation of the Society, to be submitted for adoption at its next meeting; admit ordinary and honorary members; regulate the time and place of the annual exhibition, of which sufficient notice shall be published; designate the objects and value of each premium; all vacancies in any offices occurring by death, or otherwise provided for; to direct all committees not their respective duties; to appoint all committees not provided for by the Constitution; to call special meetings when deemed necessary by the Board or Managers, of which the Secretary shall give notice to the State by uniting himself with some appropriate Society; to direct all moneys paid in by the Treasurer; and perform such other duties as may be required of them by the Society.

The following gentlemen then enrolled their names as new members of the Society:

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John Hutchins, 3d Vice President.
Jere Nixon, 4th Vice President.
Henry W. Montague, 5th Vice President.
Wilson Whitaker, Recording Secretary.

The following gentlemen were appointed Managers: Thomas J. Lemay, Corresponding Secretary.
Wm. R. Poole, Treasurer and Seedsman.

Board of Managers.

Alphens Jones, Stephenson Stephenson, Needham Price, John H. Jones, Peleg Rogers, Reuben Wiggins, E. P. Guion, John W. Harris, L. O'B. Branch, Gaston Utley.

On motion, the Society adjourned.

C. L. HINTON, *Pres't.*
W. W. WHITAKER, *Sec'ty.*

Democratic Meeting in Buncombe.

A large and respectable portion of the Democrats of Buncombe assembled in the Court-House at Asheville on Thursday, the 1st inst., and organized a meeting by appointing David Roberts, Sr., Chairman, and Fort. J. Wilson, Secretary. On motion, Wm. H. Garnan, R. P. Wells and G. W. Hampton were appointed a committee to draft resolutions, who reported the following, which were read by Newton Coleman, Esq., and after a very appropriate and able speech from him, were unanimously adopted:

Judge Scott, treating of the decision of the Court before mentioned, says:

"The decision of that Court was pronounced by a divided bench, and the case carried before the Supreme Court of Missouri.

It is the trial in the case in the court below, the jury were instructed, in view of these facts, to find for the slave, that he was, by the being carried into Illinois and back to the State of Missouri, virtually set free. A new trial was moved for on the ground of misdirection by the Court, which being denied, a Writ of Error was taken, and the case carried before the Supreme Court of Missouri.

Resolved, That the Democracy of Buncombe adhere with unwavering fidelity to the cardinal principles of the political faith which Jefferson taught, and practice of the Federal Government, which forms a fundamental part of the creed of the Democracy, will alone maintain in their integrity the rights of the States, and by forbidding an attack against the centralizing tendencies of the Federal Government, preserve intact the Constitution of the Union.

Resolved, That we cordially invite the co-operation of our brethren in the other counties of the State, in the support of the Democratic candidates for the Governorship, and that we will support the nominee of the Democratic Convention which shall be held in the city of Baltimore on the 1st Monday in June next for the purpose of nominating candidates for President and Vice President of the United States to be voted for in the ensuing Presidential election.

Resolved, That the Chairman of this meeting appoint ten Delegates to represent this County in the Convention to be holden in Raleigh on the 15th day of May for the purpose of nominating a Democratic candidate for Governor; and that we hereby nominate Col. Frank. I. Wilson, Esq., of Rutherford, be empowered to cast the vote for Buncombe in said Convention.

The following were appointed Delegates to the State Convention: Col. Wm. H. Garnan, R. P. Wells, Esq., Newton Coleman, Esq., David Coleman, Esq., Col. J. R. Weaver, Col. G. W. Hampton, Maj. Col. J. R. Weaver, Col. G. W. Hampton, Maj. Solomon Carter, Henry Teague, Robt. Teague, James Alexander, Lewis Palmer, Jacob Martin and Jackson Shipman.

The meeting then adjourned.

DAVID ROBERTS, Chm'n.
FRANK. I. WILSON, Sec'y.

IMPORTANT DECISION. The Supreme Court of Missouri, at its recent session decided a question in relation to the rights of master and slave, is much in a negro slave who belonged to Dr. Emerson, formerly portance. It was all to try the right to freedom of a negro slave who belonged to Dr. Emerson, of Missouri, at its recent session decided a question in relation to the rights of master and slave, is much in a large number of negroes, which have grown luxuriantly, and the usual crops, which they may think proper and necessary to promote the objects of the Society. Actual members of the Society shall be admitted to the meeting in the Board of Managers, with the right of debate, which be demonstrated the importance of success in agriculture to the permanent prosperity and independence of any community—showed in impressive manner the necessity that education should be directed to the improvement of the soil, and the duty of the Legislature to foster and encourage it.

Sec. 3. It shall be the duty of the Vice Presidents to assist the President in the duties of the Chair, and to preside and perform all the duties required of him, in the event of his absence, death or resignation.

Sec. 4. It shall be the duty of the Recording Secretary to keep a faithful record of the proceedings of the Society; notify meetings when duly ordered to try them.

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Willis Whitaker, 2nd Vice President.
John Hutchins, 3d Vice President.
Jere Nixon, 4th Vice President.
Henry W. Montague, 5th Vice President.
Wilson Whitaker, Recording Secretary.

The following gentlemen were appointed Managers, consisting of the officers of the Society, and ten members to be chosen by the Society; of which the President shall be *ex officio* Chairman; or, in his absence, one of the Vice Presidents. The Board of Managers shall prepare By-Laws for the regulation of the Society, to be submitted for adoption at its next meeting; admit ordinary and honorary members; regulate the time and place of the annual exhibition, of which sufficient notice shall be published; designate the objects and value of each premium; all vacancies in any offices occurring by death, or otherwise provided for; to direct all committees not their respective duties; to appoint all committees not provided for by the Constitution; to call special meetings when deemed necessary by the Board or Managers, of which the Secretary shall give notice to the State by uniting himself with some appropriate Society; to direct all moneys paid in by the Treasurer; and perform such other duties as may be required of them by the Society

MR. VENABLE.

The following remarks were made in the House of Representatives on the 26th of March, by Mr. Venable, of this State, the question under consideration being that part of the deficiency bill relating to the payment of annuities, &c. to the Indians. Mr. Venable has exposed, with a master's hand, the corruptions into which the General Government is sinking, owing to the faithlessness and dishonesty of its officers, and the influence exerted in Washington by agents of claims upon the Treasury. He deserves the thanks of the country for the patriotic boldness displayed by him on the occasion.

"Mr. Venable said: Mr. Chairman, I have no amendment to propose, and the debate on that under consideration being closed, I cannot proceed unless by the unanimous consent of the House.

[Cries of "Leave!" "Leave!" from all parts of the House.]

The Chairman. The gentleman can proceed only by unanimous consent of the committee. If there is no objection, the gentleman will proceed with his remarks.

Mr. Venable. I acknowledge my obligations to the committee for the courtesy extended to me on this occasion. There are some facts which ought to be brought to the knowledge of the committee and the country. Our constituents ought to know the fact that the Government here is to all practical purposes, in the hands of the claim-agents, the letter-writers, and the common plunderers. The penalty which any representative of the people has to pay for independent resistance to the plunder of the Treasury, or the protection of such unlucky claimants as may succeed in prosecuting a just demand upon the Government from the exactions of those who profess to be their agents, is to be slandered and assailed by all the hireling scribblers who are under pay to form public opinion, as letter-writers; to find himself denounced and black-balled in the penny press, and held up to the public as a just subject of opprobrium and reproach. I am not thin-skinned enough to feel such assaults, but take this occasion to express my contempt for them and their employers, whether it be claim-agents or the print-daubers of a venal press.

Unless the Government is rescued from such an unholy dominion, it must dissolve in its own corruption and imbecility. The poor Indian, after a prosecution of a just claim for a quarter of a century, with his papers withheld, and every obstruction placed in the way of its recognition, finds himself at last, when tardy justice is done, subjected to the demands of those harpies, who gather around the bureau which is to direct the payment, with caveats for services which have never been rendered, and a claim for half the amount, to be delivered to them. I speak by the card, and know what I say. It is insufferable that such practices should be tolerated. Who made the Departments of this Goverment the arbiters of such claims for compensation? How disgraceful is it to the country, that the just, the wronged claimant should be subjected to such exactions by the action of the Government itself. Sir, this is indeed filling the cup of bitterness to the brim. It is heaping outrage upon injury on the poor, the oppressed denizen of a country once his own. Can there be any reason why a claim, now allowed after twenty years' denial by the Government which owed it, should be curtailed by half, under the judgment of the Departments of the Government itself? The evil is a crying one; it has become an acknowledged truth, that a small, honest claim stands no chance of a hearing. The seaman's or the soldier's widow may, for years, knock in vain at the doors of the Treasury. Their claims are too small to admit of large fees, or expensive entertainments. The poor Indian, unused to those appliances, must surrender half of his right, or he cannot be heard. But large and annual spoliations, magnificent assaults upon the Treasury for steam lines, and other splendid schemes, find willing auditors and active agents, who surround the lobbies of this House like the vultures who fly in the rear of an army, always present, always importunate, and ever ready to plunge their beaks into their prey. There was, as I am informed, a bill passed by Congress not many years since, granting $112,000 to a tribe of Indians, as due by treaty, and these agents pocketed $56,000 of the amount. The whole scheme of plunder is reduced to a system, and those high in office are the efficient friends of the claimants for such exorbitant exactions. I have felt it my duty to speak plainly upon this subject. I am gratified for the courtesy of the committee, which allowed me the opportunity. I felt that it was the duty of some representative of the people to expose a system of organized operation, by which those who had just claims upon this Government, were to be the subjects of unjust exaction—by which the authors of those exactions were to be aided by the authority of the Government, and by which the representatives of the people were to be restrained from the denunciation of such abominations, under the terrors of a band of hireling calumniators. The people, sir, will put this matter to rights. All that is wanting is, that they should know the facts; and, knowing them, as I do, I would be unfaithful to withhold them from the country."

The New York Express, in an article headed "Politics North and South," pays the following *compliment* to the North Carolina Whigs:

"So also the gallant Whigs of North Carolina, towards whom every Whig in the Free States must feel an attachment of uncommon strength for their uniform defence of the honest, national, and patriotic sentiments of the Whigs of the North towards them and towards the Whigs of the whole Union. No amount of Southern fanaticism or Northern ultraism could make the Whigs of the old North State—the Mangums, the Grahams, the Moreheads, the Stanlys, and a host of other kindred spirits,—untrue to their brethren of the free States."

The last sentence, especially, is full of meaning. The Express is right—"the Mangums, the Grahams, the Moreheads, the Stanlys," and the Badgers *will* stick to their Northern allies, come what may. There is no doubt of it.

PLANK ROAD MEETING.

The Third Annual Meeting of the Stockholders of the Fayetteville and Western Plank Road Company was held in this place on Thursday and Friday last. Jonathan Worth, Esq., presided, and D. G. McRae and Jno. M. Rose, Esqrs, acted as Secretaries.

A large amount of the stock was represented. The State was represented by A. A. McKethan and Jno. H. Cook, Esqs.

There was no question, where there was any difference of opinion among the Stockholders, except the question of building the Summerville branch of the Company's Road, which question was referred to the General Meeting of Stockholders by the President and Directors. A resolution was adopted directing the President and Directors to construct the Summerville branch if $43,000 was subscribed and secured by the 1st of June next; otherwise all action was to cease.

The following are the officers of the Company for the ensuing year:

President, Edw'd Lee Winslow.

Directors.

F. Fries, Jona. Worth, Alex. Murchison, George McNeill, John H. Cook, G. Deming, James Kyle, C. Benbow, J. W. Pearce. *Pay. Carolinian.*

We learn from the Frankfort Commonwealth, that Mr. Crittenden wrote a letter to a friend in Kentucky, requesting that his name should not be brought before the Whig Convention of that State, and expressing his preference for Mr. Fillmore. For this act, he receives the highest laudations from the Whig Fillmore press. Look back a few years, and it will be seen that Mr. Crittenden, as U. S. Senator, introduced a bill forbidding the poor office-holders to vote in elections, for fear of tainting the purity of the elective franchise by official interference. Now, however, we hear of this same gentleman, as Attorney General, using the high influence of his office in swaying public sentiment in behalf of the re-election of his Executive Head! Here is another Whig "principle" whistled down the wind! *Rich. Enq.*

On Tuesday the Cars on the Virginia and Tennessee Rail Road made their first trip to Liberty, 25 miles from Lynchburg, carrying up 6 or 700 persons of both sexes, Saunders' Brass Band, &c. The company enjoyed a sumptuous dinner at Terry's hotel in Liberty—and the country around had a great jubilee. *Richmond Enquirer.*

Gen. Canedo, the new captain-general of Cuba, left Cadiz, March 16th. Gens. Medinilla and Marquesi will hold high appointments under him, Don Castor Canedo, his nephew, is to be censor of the press

CONGRESS.

In the Senate, on Wednesday the 7th, Mr. Hale presented two petitions from the State of Pennsylvania, praying the repeal of the fugitive-slave law. He said that he intended to have made some remarks upon the practical operation of the law, in order to show its administration by the ten dollar judges who have been spawned into existence by it, but he would defer those remarks till the subject of the compromise should be taken up.

Mr. Downs, from the same committee, to whom was referred the message of the President, relative to the recent abstraction of public records, reported a bill providing punishment for such offences.

A discussion then took place upon what business should be taken up; and, in reply to a question from Mr. Mangum,

Mr. Hunter said that he would to-morrow urge upon the Senate the necessity of taking up and disposing, one way or the other, of the joint resolution making appropriations for the extension of the Capitol.

Mr. Bradbury insisted upon some action upon the French spoliation bill, and said on Monday he would move to take it up.

The bill fixing the apportionment of representatives for California was then taken up and debated by Messrs. Rhett, Rusk, Davis, Bell, Dawson, Gwin, Weller, Shields, Bradbury, Downs, Hale and others.

The amendment pending was one increasing the whole number of representatives to 231—thus giving South Carolina one for her fraction, and allowing California her present number, two.

Mr. Downs moved an amendment to the amendment, giving an additional member to Louisiana for her fraction.

During the debate the deficiency bill was reported with many amendments.

The debate continued till near 4 o'clock, when, without taking any question, the Senate adjourned.

In the House, on the same day, Mr. Orr, of South Carolina, from the committee, reported a bill granting the right of way and a portion of the public lands towards opening a rail road from St. Mary's river, in Florida, to Pensacola bay.

Mr. Houston, of Alabama, said he understood that one of the sections of the bill went to modify the tariff, by abolishing the duty on rail road iron, and called for the reading of the bill. He contended that the committee had no authority to report on the subject, particularly as it has been referred to the committee of ways and means, which has it under consideration.

Mr. Johnson, of Arkansas, took a different view of the rule; a strict adherence to which, he said, might prevent business of an important character, from being taken up, because the committees to which it more immediately belonged did not think proper to report.

Mr. Clingman coincided with the gentleman from Arkansas, and thought if the committee referred to could report as to rail roads, they might also with reference to rail road iron.

Mr. Bayly, of Virginia, said such a construction as the gentleman from Arkansas had placed upon the rule would lead to endless embarrassment; the reason of the rule being that measures should not be improperly forced upon the House.

The Speaker decided that it was not within the province of the committee on public lands to report a bill embracing a section abolishing the duty on rail road iron, which belonged to the committee on ways and means, and consequently that the bill was out of order.

Mr. Clingman appealed against the decision of the chair, and Mr. Jones having moved that the appeal lie on the table, upon which the yeas and nays were ordered, and the decision was sustained—yeas 125, nays 29.

The House then went into Committee of the Whole on the homestead bill, when Speeches were delivered by Messrs. Ward and Averett; and then the House adjourned.

In the Senate, on Thursday the 8th, the subject of the Japan expedition was taken up, and remarks were made by Messrs. Borland and Mangum, and the subject was postponed to make way for the bill in relation to the census and representation of California.

The pending question was on an amendment, by Mr. Bradbury, to increase the members of the House to 234, so as to allow California two members, which she now has, and to allow South Carolina another, she having the largest fraction of all the States. Mr. Downs moved to amend, so as to give Louisiana an additional member for her fraction. Messrs. Badger and Geyer spoke in favor of Mr. Bradbury's amendment, and said amendment was in the end agreed to, yeas 23, nays 15. Without any further action, the Senate adjourned.

On the same day the House resumed the consideration of the bill from the Senate to promote and enforce discipline in the Navy; and after being engaged therein for some time, went into Committee of the Whole on the homestead bill, when Mr. Polk took the floor. He spoke in favor of harmony in the Democratic ranks, and then went into the Slavery and Presidential questions.

He then charged that the Whigs are responsible for the agitation of the slavery question; they were responsible for its origin; and they have nourished it, fed it, and stimulated it to the present hour; and if any thing should grow out of it destroying the Republic, to them will belong the blame, and particularly to the Southern Whigs, who, he said, are leagued with the Northern Abolitionists, without whom they would not have strength enough to claim the consideration of a party. The Compromise measures, he insisted, were passed by the votes of men belonging to the Democratic party, with a slight postscript of Whigs, scarcely enough to swear by; and notwithstanding this, the Whigs proclaim to the country that they are the best Compromise men.

He replied to the remarks of Mr. Cabell, of Florida, which were delivered on the first day of the present session, with regard to the action of the Whig Congressional caucus on the subject of the Compromise, saying, among other things, that not one-third of the Whigs approved of it as a finality. As to the Democratic caucus, as there were only eighty-nine out of one hundred and forty-two Democratic members present, it was deemed proper to leave the matter for the action of the Democratic National Convention, which will reflect the popular will.

During the discussion of this subject, Messrs. Fowler, Outlaw, and Marshall, of Kentucky, made explanations as to particular points in controversy.

Mr. Polk, in referring to the Presidency, asked whether the Whigs were merely going to point to General Scott's military acts, and say that the old soldier fought in Mexico; that he has heretofore painted his principles on his banner, but will now refuse to do it. He would ask the gentleman from Kentucky, (Mr. Ward,) who addressed the House yesterday, whether that gallant spirit will refuse to declare what he is for politically? He would ask any Whig whether, if General Scott should be elected, he would sanction any change or modification of the Fugitive Slave law? [A pause.] Is there no voice to answer?

Mr. White of Kentucky, arose. He believed he was authorized to say, from General Scott, that he is opposed to any alteration of any measure contained in the Compromise.

Mr. Polk asked, Will he put this in writing? Does the gentleman feel authorized so to state? Is the gentleman authorized by General Scott to say that, as President, if any such affliction should be brought upon the country, that he would veto a bill for an alteration, amendment or change in the compromise acts, and particularly the Fugitive Slave law?

Mr. Campbell, of Ohio, desired to put a question. He did not speak for any candidate, but he undertook to say that General Scott is a Whig; that he is in favor of the established doctrines of the Whig party, and that no Whig President will veto a bill on the score of expediency alone. Now, he wished to know of the gentleman from Tennessee what Democratic candidate, if any, is pledged to veto, in advance, a law that he himself does not regard in violation of the Constitution? In other words, what Democratic candidate is it who pledges to veto a bill on the score of expediency alone?

Mr. Polk. The gentleman from Kentucky understands General Scott one way, and the gentleman from Ohio another.

Mr. Campbell remarked he expressly said he did not speak for any candidate, but only with respect to what has always been recognised as a Whig doctrine as to the veto power. He hoped the gentleman would now answer his question. Will any one of the candidates of the Democratic party pledge himself, in advance, to veto a bill to change or modify the Fugitive Slave law?

Mr. Polk. Yes, all of them. [Laughter.] In the conclusion of his remarks he condemned the course of the Democratic papers which have severally assailed Buchanan, Marcy, Cass, Douglas, and other prominent gentlemen, and held the editors all alike criminal, although he was for Young America.

The House soon after adjourned.

The Senate was engaged for the most part, on Friday the 9th, in considering the joint resolution making appropriations for the extension of the capitol. The House amendment, increasing the appropriation to $500,000 was concurred in, with an amendment; and the Senate, after considering private bills, and holding an Executive session, adjourned till Monday

The House was engaged, on the same day, in considering private bills. The bill for the relief of the legal representatives of Gen. James O. Watson was debated and passed; and then the House adjourned till Monday.

IMPROVEMENT IN HILLSBOROUGH.

It gives us pleasure to notice the handsome improvement recently made in our town by Dr. S. D. Schoolfield, in the erection of a two story frame building for his Drug Store. The house is well arranged for business; and the chaste design of the building, together with the good taste of the painter, Mr. E. Woods, makes it quite an ornament to the street.—The Dr. intends that the store shall be furnished in a style to correspond with the appearance of the building; and in addition to a full supply of Drugs and Medicines which he is receiving, he has a good selection of handsomely bound Books, and other Fancy Articles, which cannot fail to attract the attention of visitors. His *gold fish*, which he keeps for ornament, are a novelty with us worth seeing, if one has no other business at the store.

We wish the Dr. great success, and hope that his enterprise will stimulate others to make similar improvements. We should like to see our little town put on the appearance of thrift and liveliness. The advantage would not be in appearance only; it would stimulate into activity a spirit of industry and energy which seldom fails to command success, and we might hope ere long to see our town verging into a degree of prosperity which it has never before known.

Manufactories in Orange. While on the subject of improvements, we propose to notice some which have recently taken place in this county, and which promise, at no distant day, greatly to advance the business and interests of the people.

Messrs. Webbs & Douglass have just completed a Cotton Factory, on Little River, about thirteen miles east of Hillsborough, and are now receiving their Machinery from the North. They expect to commence operations during the summer, and will run 1000 spindles.

Messrs. Robert & John Shields have also erected a Woollen Factory on Enoe, about seven miles East of Hillsborough. The machinery has all been received; and it is expected that they will commence operations in a few days. This we think is the third or fourth Woollen Factory in the State; and we look upon their introduction as of the more importance, because, if we are not much mistaken, if proper facilities are afforded, Western North Carolina will eventually become a great wool-growing country. We hope the location of this Factory in Orange will induce our people to pay more attention to the raising of Sheep; for it is generally conceded to be the most profitable animal we can raise.

Eagle Foundery, owned by Messrs. Brown and Wilkinson, is situated on Enoe, about three miles East of Hillsborough. It has been in operation only a short time, and its ingenious and enterprising proprietors are constantly adding improvements. We are gratified to learn that the demand for their work is quite equal to their ability at present to meet it.

Messrs. Dickson & Brown's establishment, for manufacturing Wool-Carding Machines, Wheat Fans &c., is situated on Enoe river, about six miles east of Hillsborough. In to-day's paper will be found their advertisement, to which we invite attention.

To these we may add Mr. R. F. Webb's establishment for manufacturing Window Blinds, a handsome article, of which we have before spoken; and the Rev. John A. McMannen's establishment at South Lowell, at which are manufactured Smut Machines, which we see, by frequent mention in our exchanges, are obtaining considerable celebrity in the State on account of their excellence. He also manufactures Patent Corn Shellers, &c., which are in good repute.

There may be other manufactories in the county which have recently been commenced, but they do not occur to us just now. These, though few in number, form quite a respectable beginning, and furnish sufficient data upon which to build a reasonable calculation of the prosperity that must attend a well-directed energy when our Railroad is put in operation. *Hillsboro' Recorder.*

Magnificent Steamer. The North River and Western Steamers, splendid as many of them are, will have to knock under to the "Light of Heaven" steamer, just built at Glasgow for the Pacha of Egypt. Heretofore the British have sought utility rather than show in the construction of their steamers, but the wealth and taste of the owner of this new steamer has given them an opportunity to demonstrate that they are not deficient in ornamental skill. Mr. Kendal, in one of his letters, describes this floating palace:

"Cleopatra's famed galleys could not begin," says he, "to surpass the 'Light of Heaven' in magnificence, and she is destined to run on the Nile as the Pacha's own pleasure boat. Her engines are of 300 horse power, and of the most beautiful make and finish. The fittings of the interior are gorgeous beyond comparison, consisting of papier mache ornaments and rich brocaded silks, which will alone cost $250,000. The ceiling of the saloon will be divided into a number of panels of rich white silk, having upon the centre the device of the crescent and the star, encircled with most elaborate and richly colored wreaths of Eastern flowers, of silk. The borders of the panels are to be richly ornamented with Raffaelesque decorations. Other portions of the ceiling, between the beams, are to be covered with silk of a white ground and groups of flowers of gold thread. The panels on the sides are of papier mache. The ottomans in the saloon are covered with cloth of gold, formed with a warp of gold and a weft of glass thread. The awning of the deck is to be formed entirely of rich brocaded silk, the fringe being of gold, and costing twenty guineas per yard. The cost of the silk for the awning alone will not be less than $10,000."

[Correspondence of the Baltimore Sun.]

Washington, April 8, 1852.

There is now a fair fight between the Fillmore and Seward or Scott wings of the Whig party, which it would be an act of impiety to disturb. A Whig caucus is to be held to-morrow evening; great events may happen which no human wisdom can foreshadow. Gen. Scott, it is now asserted, can concentrate in himself the whole Freesoil vote of the Northern States as a *centre* of operation, with the Maine liquor law and Seward intervention acting as the right and left wings of his army. One wing is expected to capture the sober, native, home population, and the other, commanded by Seward and Thurlow Weed, will be composed of the entire foreign adopted citizens, consisting of Irishmen, Germans, Dutch, Swedes, Norwegians, French, Spanish and Portuguese.

The Southern division, small but select and well appointed, consisting entirely of veterans, divided into three brigades, commanded, respectively, by Messrs. Jones, Mangum, and Stanly, are intended to keep the State-rights men in check, while the real battle will be fought in the three great States of New York, Pennsylvania, and Ohio.

He is only a Mechanic. How frequently is this remark made by aristocratic upstarts, who have nothing to recommend them save their money and impudence, when the name of an honest and intelligent mechanic happens to be mentioned in their presence. They consider it degrading to associate with those who do not, like themselves, possess wealth, even though that wealth was obtained by the most rascally means. Nothing is so disgusting to well-bred, well-informed people, as to hear an ignorant conceited, puffed-up, long-haired, brainless, impudent dandy, talk about mechanics, as if they were brutes.

No true lady or gentleman would be guilty of such littleness. It is only the ignorant, spoiled beauty—the worthless, contemptible soaplock who would do so. Show us the man or woman who would consider it a disgrace to associate with honest, well informed mechanics, and we will show you a worthless, ignorant conceited creature, useless to himself and the world, and a disgrace and encumberance to his friends. *West. Lit. Mess.*

Gov. Wright, the democratic candidate for the Gubernatorial chair of Indiana, is emphatically a working man. He made a speech as a candidate for Governor, in a Court-House in Indiana, every brick of which was made by him.

Correspondence of the Standard.

Asheville, April 5, 1852.

Thunder in the Mountains!—Old Buncombe Right side up!!—The "Unterrified" Undismayed!!

It may seem strange to you, Mr. Editor, to hear of a Democratic Meeting in Buncombe, and one pledging itself to Free Suffrage by Legislative enactment, and repudiating a Convention as a trick of the enemy, intended to distract and divide our ranks and send us off "in search of strange gods."

But strange as it may seem to you, and unwelcome as may be the sound that will roll down on the ears of Eastern whigs, it is nevertheless true that the Democracy of Buncombe did hold a Meeting last Thursday—none of your little pinched up, three-voters meetings either, but a large assembly of "the faithful and unterrified," as our opponents derisively but very appropriately term us. The proceedings and Resolutions of the Meeting will appear in the Asheville and Rutherfordton papers, and we know you will take pleasure in transferring them to your columns as you are requested to do. We know you will feel proud to prolong and spread wider the roar of this first Mountain Democratic Gun, as its echoes rebound from our lofty peaks to roll through the hills and valleys of the centre, and then spread in gentle, heart-cheering undulations along the Eastern coast. And as your readers will have the benefit of seeing the proceedings in full, I will not attempt a synopsis of them, but will try to give you some idea of the spirit that animates the Mountain Democracy.

The Convention humbug has exploded, and its design is manifest. We see that its aim was to divide our party in the West and to kill Free Suffrage. Even the whigs themselves are abandoning it, and those who will be candidates for the next Legislature will, in most if not all the Counties, *pledge* themselves to vote for the Free Suffrage bill as it passed at the last session. I confess that I had felt some misgivings, some fears that a portion of the Democratic party in the West would be led astray by the Convention hobby, but these fears have been dispelled. Not only does the Democratic party remain firm and united, but hundreds, and probably thousands of the republican Whigs will vote with them. I find a disposition among the liberal, honest masses of the *late* whig party to break loose from their old federal leaders and join the ranks of the Democracy. They begin to see that their party has abandoned all its old issues—conceded them—and that it is now struggling to keep alive by duplicity and humbuggery. They see that the Convention cry is raised and kept up by those who four years ago were so "conservative"—so opposed to changing the Constitution in any particular, that they were horrified at the idea of incorporating Free Suffrage in it, lest it should lead to other changes. *Now* those are the very men who *profess* to be in favor of tearing it all to pieces, rooting up its very foundations, and constructing an entirely new one! I say *profess*, for their sole object is (or was) to keep up the Convention cry until the Free Suffrage bill is killed, well knowing that it is impossible to get a Convention, even if the Western people desired it, which they do not. This is the whole aim and object of that measure, including, of course, the restoration to power of those who would so shamefully abuse it after having resorted to such unworthy means to obtain it. The people see through it clearly.

It is gratifying, Mr. Editor, to reflect, that while the so-called Whig party of the State is split and rent into almost as many fragments as there are leaders and office-seekers in it, the Democracy stands *a unit*. While the Eastern Whig rolls up great swelling words to his Western brethren, and the Western Whig hurls back defiance—while the elements of discord are surging wildly through their ranks and producing a beautiful state of "confusion, worse confounded"—all stirred up with a long Convention pole "with a (hum)bug on the end of it,"—the ranks of Democracy are unbroken from Cherokee to Currituck, their files are close and compact, and one aim, one spirit, one purpose animates every heart, and every one is determined to do his duty. The Western Democrat takes his Eastern brother by the hand, and each speaks words of cheer to the other.

But while I am willing to concede great praise to the Eastern Democracy, I must claim an equal share and greater fortitude for the "unterrified" of the West. We have fought unwearedly for years and years, even when no ray of hope that we should be victorious illumined our way and cheered us on. Our Eastern brethren have had cause to rejoice at, at least, partial victories; but until very recently we have striven without hope, opposed by odds that would have driven us from the field if we had not been the "unterrified." Nothing but the consciousness that our *principles* were right, were just, and therefore eternal, could have sustained us under defeat after defeat, multiplied and heaped upon us. "Snowed under," crowed over, derided, hooted at and despised by our proud and numerous foes, we still rallied, closed our ranks, and prepared for another onset. At last the charging columns, so accustomed to victory as to deem it a thing of course, have recoiled in confusion and their retreat is fast becoming a rout. The assailed have now become the assailants, and the strange but joyful cry of victory has rung along our well formed line. We know the enemy, smarting under a sense of their former defeat, are rallying all their strength, resorting to every stratagem and artifice, and collecting all their strength for a last desperate effort next August, to regain their losses; but we stand ready for them, prepared, undismayed, "unterrified," confident of a full and complete victory. With DAVID S. REID as our standard bearer, we feel that we are invincible; and with "Free Suffrage" inscribed on *both sides* of our banner, we will not know defeat.

Greeting, then, to our brethren of the East; and for every shout they send up to the mountains, we will answer with one, if not altogether so loud and long as theirs, at least so much so that they will not mistake it for the mere echo of their own.

I am, Mr. Editor, (and there are hundreds like me,)

A LIVE DEMOCRAT.

Early Musical Education in Germany. In visiting the school at Schwalbach, the first room we came to was that of the girls, who were all learning astronomy. A strange preparation, thought I, for the after life of a Nassau female. Who would think that the walking masses, half grass, half woman, one meets every day in the fields and lanes would be able to tell whether the earth moved round the sun, or the sun round the earth, or if the moon were any bigger than their own reaping hooks? We asked the master to allow us to hear them sing. Great was the delight of the little maidchens when this request was made known; there was an universal brightening of faces and shuffling of leaves; the pedagogue took down an old violin from a peg where it hung, and accompanied their sweet voices in a pretty, simple air, which they sung in parts, and from the notes.

The next room was full of little boys, between six and eight years of age. They sang a hymn for us, the simple words of which were very touching. As I stood behind one dear little fellow, "hardly higher than the table," I understood how it was that the Germans were a nation of musicians, and that in listening to the rude songs of the peasants at their work, the ear is never shocked by the drawling, untaught style of the same class of people in our country.—From the time they are able to lisp, they are made to sing by note. My little friend in the ragged blouse, and all the other children, had the music, as well as the words they were singing, in their hands, written on sheets of paper; they followed the time as correctly as possible, marking with their little fingers on the page the crotchets, quavers, rests, &c.

At Leipsic, the most un-English trait, I gathered during my speculations at the window this evening, was a group of little boys playing in the grass-plot outside. They were all poor, and a few stockingless, and were engaged in some uproarious game, when in the middle of it, the little urchins burst into the most harmonious melody, each taking his part, soprano, tenor, bass, &c., with exquisite correctness. I saw them jump up, and linking each other's arms in true school-boy fashion, sally down the street, vociferating their song in such time and tune, that, but for my initiation into the mystery at the Schwalbach scool, I should have stared at them as so many little wonders. What a delightful system is this music! as early and as indispensable a branch of education as the A. B. C.

Souvenirs of a Summer in Germany.

We heard the following interesting conversation, a few days since, between two candidates for academic honor:

"Bill, spell cat, rat, hat, fat, with only one letter for each word."

"It can't be *did*."

"What! you just ready to report verbatim, phonotically, and can't do that? Just look here: c 80 (eighty) cat, r 80 rat, h 80 hat, b 80 bat, f 80 fat."

TELEGRAPHED FOR THE STANDARD.

Washington, April 13, 1852.

The House of Representatives refused yesterday to entertain Resolutions offered by Mr. Brown of Mississippi, forbidding the Committee on Printing to take the contract from Hamilton and give it to the Union office for the House, and the Republic office for the Senate.

The Committee on Printing had recommended this course, that is, to take the printing of the two Houses from Hamilton, who, it is alleged, does not comply with his contract, and give it to the two offices above mentioned; and Mr. Borland has resigned his place on the Committee on account of it.

The prices to be paid the new contractors are to correspond with the bid of John C. Rives two years ago. There is much excitement here about the printing. W.

Later from Texas—The State Conventions.

New Orleans, April 6. The steamships West Wind, from Chagres, and the Yacht and Meteor, from Texas, arrived to-day. The dates from Texas are to the 2d. The Whig and Democratic State Conventions both passed resolutions to adhere to the compromise measures. The former passed a resolution complimentary to the administration of Mr. Fillmore, and the latter resolved to support the Baltimore Convention nominee.

Still Later from Texas—American Steamboat Fired upon by the Mexicans.

New Orleans, April 7th. Late advices from Texas report that the steamer Camanche, while ascending the Rio Grande with forty passengers, including many ladies, and also General Carvajal, was fired upon by the Mexican soldiers from the bank of the river. The shot struck the boat, but luckily no lives were lost. The shots were probably intended for Carvajal. The outrage had excited much indignation on the part of the Americans.

Missouri Democratic Convention.

St. Louis, April 8. The Democratic Convention at Jefferson City adjourned *sine die* yesterday, after passing resolutions in favor of the Compromise, and reaffirming the Democratic platform of 1848. Sterling Price, after a fierce contest, was nominated for Governor over T. M. Price, (Benton.) The balance of the State ticket was divided equally between the Bentonites and anti-Bentonites. Montgomery Blair was elected delegate to the National Convention, with instructions to support Cass and Butler.

A Great Invention.

Washington, April 9. A new light has been introduced to the public to day by E. M. Hall, patentee, supplanting camphene on account of its un-explosive character, and which can be furnished one hundred per cent cheaper than gas. It was tested in the presence of a number of scientific gentlemen, who were unanimous in expressing their opinion of its superior merits. All who witnessed this self-generating light consider it a great discovery.

Defeat of the Maine Law in Pennsylvania.

Baltimore, April 10. The vote was taken on Wednesday on the first section of the proposed Maine law, in the Pennsylvania House of Representatives, and it was rejected—ayes 46, nays 50. It appears that 27 whigs and natives voted for it, and 14 whigs and 36 democrats against it.

Kossuth at Charleston.

Charleston, April 9. Kossuth arrived here today, but his arrival creates no sensation.

To-day being a holiday, (Good Friday,) no business has been transacted.

The Public Printing.

Washington, April 8. The joint committee of the two Houses on printing have decided that the contractor has failed to fulfill his contract as authorized, and have therefore given the Senate printing to the Republic, and the House printing to the Union newspaper. Messrs. Gorman, Stanton, of Kentucky, Haven, and Truman Smith, voted in favor, and Hamlin and Borland against the new contract.

MARRIED.

In Greensborough, on the evening of the 5th inst. by the Rev. President Deems, Rufus L. Patterson, Esq. of Caldwell, to Miss Marie Louise, daughter of Gov. Morehead.

At South Boston, Mass., on the 30th ultimo, by the Rev. J. W. Alvord, George Hooper, Esq., of the firm of Chadbourn & Hooper, of Wilmington, to Miss Sarah Jane Merrill.

In Charleston, S. C., on the 4th inst., by the Rev. Mr. Gotthart Bernham, Mr. Charles Young, of that city, to Mrs. Anna K. Simpson, of Fayetteville, N. C.

THE MARKETS.

Wilmington, April 10. The Naval Stores market has generally advanced; turpentine, soft, $2 50 to $2 55—hard $1 50 to $1 55; spirits turpentine 34 cents per gallon; tar $1 70 per barrel; sales of timber at from $5 25 to $6 50, measurement and inspection; Boston flour at from $4 75 to $5 25; corn, full stock, selling at 62½ to 65 cents per bushel; lime, Thomaston, $1 25; lard 11 to 11½ cents.

Fayetteville, April 10. Cotton 7 to 7½; cotton yarns, No. 5 to 10, 15 cents per lb.; feathers 32 to 35 cts.; flour $4 50 to $5; corn 85 to 90; molasses 23 to 25 cents per gallon; salt $1 50 to $1 75 per sack; flaxseed $1 15 to $1 25; peach brandy 50 to 55 cents—apple, 48 to 50—N. C. Whiskey 36 to 40.

Petersburg, April 10. The demand for tobacco active, at the following rates: Prized lugs $2 75 to $4 25—common leaf $4 to $4 75—good leaf $5 to $7—fine leaf $7 50 to $12 50. Cotton quiet, with sales at from 6 to 7½ cents; corn dull at from 62½ to 65; flower dull, with a downward tendency, commanding $4 25 to $4 75; bacon advancing, Va., hog round, 11½; lime, Thomaston, $1 37½; salt, Liverpool, $1 55 per sack.

New York, April 9. Cotton, 8¼ for midling uplands, the market closing dull. Flour at $4 37½ to $4 50; corn, sales of 18,000 bushels mixed at 65 to 67 cts.

District Meeting.

A MEETING of the Democrats of Raleigh and vicinity, will be held at the Town Hall, on Saturday the 24th of April, for the purpose of appointing Delegates to the County Convention, to be held Tuesday of May Court.

April 12, 1852. 45—td

NEW NOVELS.

Raven's Cliffe, by the author of Time the Avenger, Mordaunt Hall, &c.

The Head of the Family, by the author of Olive and Agilvies.

The Tutor's Ward, by the author of Wayfaring Sketches, Use and Abuses, &c.

Marcus Warland, or the Long Moss Spring, a Tale of the South, by Caroline Lee Hentz, author of Linda Rens, &c.

Count Monte Leone, or the Spy in Society, from the French of H. De St. Georges.

Received and for sale by

W. L. POMEROY.

Raleigh, April 12, 1852. 45—

New Books.

Bancroft's History of the U. S., vol. IV.

Annual of Scientific Discovery for 1852.

Arctic Expedition [illegible] Search of Sir John Franklin, by Sir John Richardson, [illegible] B., F. R. S. &c.

Received and for sale by

W. L. POMEROY.

April 12, 1852. 45—

State of North Carolina, Wake County, Superior Court of Law, Spring Term, 1852.

It appearing that the business on the Civil Docket, Criminal Docket and Equity Docket, has accumulated insomuch that it cannot be dispatched in any reasonable time. It is thereupon ordered that a Special Term of Superior Court be held for the County of Wake on the third Monday in July, 1852.

R. P. FINCH, *Clerk.*

April 7, 1851. 42—6w.

Egerton's Scotch Snuff.

We are agents for the above celebrated Snuff, put up in papers, which we are authorized to sell at the Manufacturer's prices. Supplies received weekly.

SMYTH & DUNN.

Petersburg, Va.

Petersburg, March 23d, 1852. 43—1m.

COMMON SCHOOLS.

Office of the Literary Board,
Raleigh, April 7, 1852.

The President and Directors of the Literary Fund, have resolved to distribute among the several Counties of the State of North Carolina, the sums mentioned in the following table, in part of the nett income of said fund the current year, for the support of Common Schools in the State; the same to be paid at the Treasury Department upon the application of the persons properly authorized to receive the same.

The Counties of Jackson, Madison, and Yadkin, will receive their portion of the amount distributed from the Counties from which they were respectively formed.

DAVID S. REID,
Pes't ex-officio of the Literary Board.

Counties.	Fed. Pop.	Amount distributed.
Alamance,	10,166	$ 813 28
Alexander,	5,003	400 24
Anson,	10,756	860 48
Ashe,	8,539	683 12
Beaufort,	11,716	937 28
Bertie,	9,973	797 84
Bladen,	8,024	641 92
Brunswick,	5,951	476 08
Buncombe,	12,738	1019 04
Burke,	6,919	553 52
Cabarrus,	8,674	693 99
Caldwell,	5,836	466 88
Camden,	5,174	413 92
Carteret,	6,308	496 64
Caswell,	12,161	972 88
Catawba,	8,234	658 72
Chatham,	16,055	1284 40
Cherokee,	6,703	536 24
Chowan,	5,259	420 16
Cleaveland,	9,697	775 76
Columbus,	5,308	424 64
Craven,	12,399	986 32
Cumberland,	17,723	1417 84
Currituck,	6,257	500 56
Davidson,	14,123	1129 84
Davie,	6,998	559 84
Duplin,	11,111	888 88
Edgecombe,	13,770	1101 60
Forsyth,	10,627	850 16
Franklin,	9,510	760 80
Gaston,	7,228	578 24
Gates,	6,878	550 24
Granville,	17,303	1384 24
Greene,	5,321	425 68
Guilford,	18,480	1478 40
Halifax,	13,007	1040 56
Haywood,	6,907	552 56
Henderson,	6,483	518 64
Hertford,	6,656	532 48
Hyde,	6,585	526 80
Iredell,	13,062	1044 96
Johnston,	11,861	948 88
Jones,	3,935	314 80
Jackson,		
Lenoir,	6,182	494 56
Lincoln,	6,924	553 92
McDowell,	5,741	459 28
Macon,	6,169	493 52
Martin,	6,961	556 88
Mecklenburg,	11,724	937 92
Montgomery,	6,163	493 04
Moore,	8,552	684 16
Madison,		
Nash,	9,034	722 72
New Hanover,	14,236	1138 88
Northampton,	10,731	858 48
Onslow,	7,040	563 20
Orange,	14,957	1196 56
Pasquotank,	7,708	616 64
Perquimons,	6,030	482 40
Person,	8,825	706 00
Pitt,	10,745

Feverish Excitement.

The Wonderful News Spreading like Wild Fire.

Just as we were going to press we received a Telegraphic Despatch, announcing that the most nervous excitement is now raging throughout the Southwestern States, caused by a series of the most extraordinary freaks of Fortune that stand chronicled on the pages of history.

Nine Splendid Fortunes.

1 of $40,000! 1 of $35,000! 1 of $16,000!
4 of $10,000 2 of $5,000!

Were drawn and promptly paid in the month of March, by those great prize sellers,

PYFER & CO.

No 1, Light Street, Baltimore, Md.

Establishing beyond the powers of logic or the ingenuity of argument to oppose by countervailing proof, the proud assertion that the Goddess is still enthroned, and has appointed her Head Quarters at the well known house of

PYFER, & CO.

The truly fortunate and far famed Lottery Brokers, No. 1, Light Street, Baltimore,

Whose wide spread celebrity has been "borne upon the sightless couriers of the air," from the frigid and inhospitable regions of Kamschatkia, to the luxuiant land of the dark eyed descendant of the Montezuma, and whose untiring efforts in dispensing wealth have won golden opinions from all sorts of people. Their vast renown as the

Premiers of the Goddess Fortune,

Has not been hastily accorded by the enthusiasm of a grateful people, but has been earned by years of unremitting exertion, and a succession of the most extraordinary and unprecedented Luck that ever entranced the wondor of an admiring multitude.

"No pent up clime confines our Fame or Powers,
We claim the whole illimitable Universe as ours."

Remember the maxim that ventures make Merchants, and think for a moment that one trial, just to test your luck, can do no hurt, but may return you thousands.—We urge you to try your luck, and forward your orders for a package or single ticket, in any of the following legal and Brilliant Lotteries, for April, 1852, to Pyfer, & Co,, No. 1 Light Street, Baltimore, Md.

Brilliant Schemes for April, 1852.

Date April.	Capital Prizes.	No. of Ballots.		Price of Tickets.	Price of Packages.
	$17,716	78 Nos	16 drawn	$5	$15 00
1	18,000	75 Nos	14 drawn	5	16 00
2	37,500	75 Nos	12 drawn	10	35 00
3	26,000	78 Nos	15 drawn	8	25 00
5	18,835	75 Nos	13 drawn	5	20 00
6	30,000	75 Nos	13 drawn	10	35 00
7	18,000	78 Nos	13 drawn	5	18 00
8	15,000	75 Nos	11 drawn	4	15 00
9	50,000	78 Nos	16 drawn	15	45 00
10	27,500	75 Nos	11 drawn	8	30 00
12	17,500	78 Nos	15 drawn	5	15 00
13	30,000	75 Nos	15 drawn	10	30 00
14	18,656	78 Nos	12 drawn	5	18 00
15	20,000	75 Nos	12 drawn	5	18 00
16	40,000	78 Nos	12 drawn	10	35 00
17	27,500	75 Nos	15 drawn	8	25 00
19	21,500	75 Nos	12 drawn	5	18 00
20	30,909	78 Nos	12 drawn	10	30 00
21	20,000	78 Nos	15 drawn	5	16 00
22	15,000	75 Nos	14 drawn	4	13 00
23	65,000	75 Nos	11 drawn	20	75 00
24	35,000	78 Nos	16 drawn	10	30 00
26	20,000	75 Nos	12 drawn	5	18 00
27	33,397	78 Nos	15 drawn	10	30 00
28	16,312	78 Nos	12 drawn	5	18 00
29	20,000	75 Nos	15 drawn	5	15 00

PLEASE OBSERVE.

The price of Packages of Quarter Tickets only, is advertised above.

The Managers Printed Drawing, endorsed by the commissioners appointed (for this purpose) by the Governor of Maryland, are in all cases sent to our Correspondents.

Letters always strongly and carefully sealed.

The purchasers of Packages of Tickets seldom have more than six chances against their drawing in a Package any of the Capital Prizes, and one Package may draw four of the highest Prizes. Two-thirds of the Prizes are sold in Packages of Tickets.

Please order a few days BEFORE the Lotteries draw. All Orders punctually answered by the return mails.

Persons at a distance from Baltimore, who wish "Fortune Buckled on their Backs," will find that it is only necessary to enclose the price (as laid down in the above schedule,) for a Package of Single Tickets to the Truly Fortunate, Far-Famed and Old Established House of

PYFER & CO.
No. 1 LIGHT ST., Baltimore, Md.

March 29, 1852. 33—

COPARTNERSHIP.

HAVING formed a Copartnership with Mr. A. J. PARTIN, the concern of H. O. GILL, will from this day be changed to the name and style of PARTIN & GILL, who solicit an examination of all wishing articles in their line, feeling assured as thay have facilities of purchasing their stock to a great advantage they cannot fail to offer such inducements both in regard to prices and quality of goods as to satisfy all who may feel disposed to favor them with their patronage.

ANDREW J. PARTIN,
HENRY O. GILL.

H. O. Gill in forming a Copartnership with Mr. A. J. Partin desires to tender his sincere thanks to the public for the encouragement which he has so liberally received during the past two months, and hopes by untiring zeal and strict attention to business to mearit a still larger potion of the trade for the new concern.

Raleigh, Jan. 27, 1852. 24—

Additional Supply.

WE have just received an additional supply of Ladies and Misses Gaiters, Bootees, Walking shoes and Slippers, all of the latest styles and of the best Philadelphia make. Also, a good assortment of Children's shoes just to hand and for sale by

PARTIN & GILL.

GENTLEMEN, you can now be supplied with fine calf-skin stitched boots. Also, Patent Leather and Cloth, Congress Gaiters and fine calf-skin stitched shoes. Call and see them at PARTIN & GILLS.

A beautiful article of white kid Gaiters and Slippers can be had at PARTIN & GILL'S.

Raleigh, January 28, 1852. 24—

Music, Pianos, Banjos, &c.

NOW OPENING at the North Carolina Music Store, a lot of Pianos so far superior to anything of the kind ever offered for sale in this State, that we deign not to challenge competition. Comparison is all that is necessary to convince the most indifferent observer of the vast superiority of the splendid Instruments from the celebrated Factory of KNABE GÆHLE.

These Instruments we sell at *Factory prices*, as may be seen by an examination of the Manufacturer's Card and List of prices.

New Music, Foreign and American, several dozen Banjos, beautiful and brilliant Guitars, Violins, Flutes, Clarionetts, Flageolets, &c., of all kinds, qualities and prices. K. W. PETERSILIA.

Raleigh, March 1, 1852. 33—

Home Industry must Succeed!

I am now prepared to manufacture DOOR LOCKS with mineral Knobs, for 65 cents a piece, warranted; also, LOCKS up to $150.

Also, MACHINERY made to order; and file-cutting, new and old. *Old files made as good as new.*

JOSEPH WOLTERING.

Raleigh, Sept. 13th 1851. 90—1y

North Carolina Manufactures.

BATTLE & SON, Are still manufacturing, at the ROCKY MOUNT MILLS, N. C. about 300,000 lbs. *Cotton Yarns*, per annum (equal to the best Georgia Yarns,) which they will deliver to Merchants free of charge, at New York prices.

Orders addressed to Battle, & Son, Rocky Mount, N. C., will receive prompt attention.

February, 1852. 29—1y.

Land Warrants Wanted.

THE undersigned will pay the highest price for 40, 80 and 160 acre bounty land Warrants.

E. L. HARDING,

March 31, 1852. 42—ilm.

Notice to Debtors.

E. L. HARDING & CO. design closing their present business as speedily as possible, and request all those that are indebted to come forward and settle, either by Cash, Bond or Note.

Raleigh, January 6th, 1852. 18—

A Lot of Superfine FLOUR just received and for sale at S. H. YOUNG'S,

Raleigh, Feb. 4, 1851. 26—4w.

BLANK WARRANTS,
And Court Blanks, for sale at the Standard Office.

STATE of North Carolina, NASH Co. Court of Pleas and Quarter Sessions, February Sessions, 1852.

John W. Perry, Administrator of Eli Manning *vs.* Moses Manning, Britton Wood and wife Sallie, Uriah Crickmure and wife Polly, Willis Warren and wife Mourning, Elijah Vester and wife Susanah, Dianah Manning, Eli Manning, Adison L. Manning, Jeremiah D. Manning, Betsy C. Manning, Amanda H. Manning, John E. Manning, Ann Eliza Manning, Nancy Manning, Sally G. Manning, Mary R. Manning, Jeremiah Manning and Betsy M. Manning, defendants. Petition to sell Land.

It appearing to the satisfaction of the Court that the defendant, Eli Manning, is a non-resident of this State; it is therefore ordered that publication be made in the North Carolina Standard, for six successive weeks, for the defendant, Eli Manning, to appear at the next Term of our Court of Pleas and Quarter Sessions, to be held in the Town of Nashville, on the 2d Monday of May next, then and there to plead, answer or demur to the said petition, or judgment will be taken *pro confesso* as to him.

Witness, G. W. Ward, Clerk of the Court of Pleas and Quarter Sessions, at office in Nashville, on the 2d Monday of February, A. D, 1852.

G. W. WARD, c. c. c.

February, 1852. (Pr. adv. $5,62½) 913—6tw.

STATE of North Carolina, NASH Co. Court of Pleas and Quarter Sessions, February Term, 1852.

Herbert Sledge *vs.* William H. Battle, Original attachment levied on real and personal Eestate.

It appearing to the satisfaction of the Court that the defendant, William H. Battle, has removed beyond the limits of the State, or so conceals himself that the ordinary process of law cannot be served upon him; it is therefore ordered that publication be made in the North Carolina Standard, for six weeks successively, notifying the said defendant to be, and appear, at our next Court of Pleas and Quarter Sessions to be held for the County of Nash, at the Court-House in Nashville, on the 2d Monday in May next, and then and there replevy and plead; otherwise, judgment by default final, will be granted against him, and the property levied on condemned to satisfy the plaintiff's debt.

Witness, G. W. Ward, Clerk of our said Court, at office in Nashville, on the 2d Monday of February, A. D.. 1852. G. W. WARD, c. c. c.

February, 1852. (Pr. adv. $5,62½) 913—6tw.

STATE of North Carolina, NASH Co. Court of Pleas and Quarter Sessions, February Term, 1852.

R. F. Yarborough *vs.* William H. Battle, Original attachment levied on Land and personal Estate.

It appearing to the satisfaction of the Court that the defendant, William H. Battle, has removed beyond the limits of this State, or so conceals himself that the ordinary process of law cannot be served upon him; it is therefore ordered that publication be made in the North Carolina Standard, for six weeks successively, notifying the said defendant to be, and appear, at our next Court of Pleas and Quarter Sessions to be held for the County of Nash, at the Court-House in Nashville, on the 2d Monday of May next, and then and there replevy and plead; otherwise, judgment by default final, will be granted against him, and the property levied on condemned to satisfy the plaintiff's debt.

Witness, G. W. Ward, Clerk of the Court of Pleas and Quarter Sessions, at office in Nashville, on the 2d Monday of February, A. D, 1852.

G. W. WARD, c. c. c.

February, 1852. (Pr.adv. $5,62½.) 913—6tw.

STATE of North Carolina, NASH Co. Court of Pleas and Quarter Sessions, February Term, 1852.

Temperance Battle *vs.* William H. Battle, Original attachment levied on real and personal Estate.

It appearing to the satisfaction of the Court that the defendant, William H. Battle, has removed beyond the limits of this State, so that the ordinary process of law cannot be served upon him; it is therefore ordered that publication be made in the North Carolina Standard, for six weeks successively, notifying the said defendant to be, and appear, at our next Court of Pleas and Quarter Sessions to be held for the County of Nash, at the Court-House in Nashville, on the 2d Monday of May next, and then and there replevy and plead; otherwise, judgment by default final, will be granted against him, and the property levied on condemned to satisfy the plaintiff's debt.

Witness, G. W. Ward, Clerk of our said Court, at office in Nashville, on the 2d Monday of February, A. D., 1852. G. W. WARD, c. c. c.

February, 1352. (Pr. adv. $5,62½.) 913—6tw.

State of North Carolina,—MARTIN Co., Court of Pleas and Quarter Sessions, January Term, 1852. Starkey Sharp, by his friend and agent, S. S. Simmons, *vs.* Wm. L. Rhodes—Original Attachment.

It appearing to the Court that the defendant is a non-resident of this State, it is ordered therefore that publication be made in the North Carolina Standard for six successive weeks, notifying the said defendant to appear at the next term of this Court to be held at the Court House, in Williamston, on the second Monday in April next, then and there to replevy or plead to issue, or judgment final will be entered against him, and the property levied on condemned to satisfy plaintiff's debts.

Witness, L. Johnson, Clerk of our said Court, at office, the second Monday in January, A. D. 1852.

L JOHNSON, *Clerk.*

February 7, 1852. (Pr. Adv. $5,62½.) 907—6w.

State of North Carolina, Rockingham County, COURT OF EQUITY.—Fall Term, A. D. 1851. Alfred M. Scales, *vs.* Margaret, Scales, Petition for Divorce.

It appearing to the satisfaction of the Court, that the defendant Margarett Scales, is not an inhabitant of this State, it is therefore ordered by the Court, that publication be made, for six weeks successively in the North Carolina Standard, for the said defendant to be hear at the next term of this Court, to be held in the Court House at Wentworth, on the fifth Monday after the fourth Monday of March next, then and there to plead, answer, or demur to the said petition; otherwise the same will be taken *pro confesso*, and heard *ex parte*.

Witness, Thomas Ruffin, Jr., Clerk and Master of said Court, at office in Wentworth, the fifth Monday after the fourth Monday of September, 1851.

T. RUFFIN, Jr., C. M. E.

January 7th, 1852. [Pr adv. $5 62½] 902—6w.

State of North Carolina—MARTIN Co., Court of Pleas and Quarter Sessions, January Term, 1852. Peter P. Lawrence, Cashier *vs.* William L. Rhodes—Original Attachment.

It appearing to the Court that the defendant is a non-resident of this State, it is ordered therefore that publication be made in the North Carolina Standard for six successive weeks, notifying the said defendant to appear at the next term of this Court, to be held at the Court House, in Williamston, on the second Monday in April next, then and there to replevy or plead to issue, or judgment final will be entered against him, and the property levied on condemned to satisfy plaintiff's debt.

Witness, L. Johnson, Clerk of said Court, at office, second Monday in January, A. D. 1852.

L. JOHNSON, *Clerk.*

Feb. 7, 1852. (Pr. Adv. $5,62½.) 907—6w.

State of North Carolina—MARTIN Co., Court of Pleas and Quarter Sessions, January Term, 1852. Thomas E. Pender *vs.* Wm. L. Rhodes, Original Attachment.

It appearing to the Court that the defendant is a non-resident of this State, it is ordered therefore that publication be made in the North Carolina Standard for six successive weeks, notifying the said defendant to appear at the next term of this Court to be held at the Court House in Williamston, on the second Monday in April next, then and there to replevy or plead to issue, or judgment final will be entered against him, and the property levied on condemned to satisfy plaintiff's debts.

Witness, L. Johnson, Clerk of our said Court, at office, the second Monday in January, A. D. 1852.

L. JOHNSON, *Clerk.*

Feb. 7, 1852. (Pr. Adv. $5,62½.) 907—6w.

Fifteen Dollars Reward.

RUNAWAY from the subscriber about the 18th ult. my negro man Washington, dark colored, 27 years years old, 6 feet 1 or 2 inches high, weight 175 or 80 pounds, long limbs—his right ancle bends outward, which makes him hop when walking, caused by a hurt when very young, good front teeth. Had on, when he left, a brown woolen coat. He may alter his name and try to pass as a free man. I will give the above reward to any person who will deliver him to me, living in Granville county, four miles South of Wilton, or ten dollars to confine him in any jail so that I can get him.

Address me New Light P. O., Wake county, N. C.

JOHN TURNER.

March 27, 1852. 814—tf.

Notice.

ON the 2nd Monday in May next, I shall offer for Sale at the Court House door, in the Town of Nashville, N. C., fifty acres of land, lying on the waters of Stoney Creek adjoining the lands of Daniel McDaniel, Willie Whitley and others, or so much thereof as will satisfy the tax thereon for 1849-'50, and cost of advertising. This 10th day of February, 1852.

A. B. BAINS, *Sh'ff.*

February 26, 1852. 909—td.

CANDLES, Genuine Sperm, Adamantine and Tallow, best brands,

French Baskets, Wood Ware, and a great variety of Yankee notions,

25 pieces 4-4, 5-4, 6-4 white striped and plain Straw Matting. For sale at TUCKER'S.

Greensboro' Mutual Insurance Co.

PURSUANT to an Act of Incorporation, a Company has been formed under the name and style of "The Greensborough Mutual Insurance Company," and fully organised by the appointment of the following Officers:

JAMES SLOAN, *President.*
S. G. COFFIN, *Vice President.*
PETER ADAMS, *Secretary and Treasurer.*
C. P. MENDENHALL, *Attorney.*
JOHN A. MEBANE, W. J. McCONNEL, WM. S. RANKIN, } *Executive Com.*

DIRECTORS.

James Sloan, W. J. McConnel, William S. Rankin, Jed. H. Lindsay, Shubal G. Coffin, William H. Reece, Tyre Glenn, John B. Mebane, Andrew Weatherly, C. P. Mendenhall, Lyndon Swaim, Jesse Shelly, Jonathan W. Field.

This Company has now been in succesful operation for several months, and will take risks upon Dwelling Houses, Stores and other Buildings, Merchandize, Furniture, Produce, &c. The object of this organization is to afford a system of Insurance which shall operate for the mutual benefit of all its members.

The peculiar advantages arising from this mode of Insurance is, that the assured pay no more than the actual losses and expenses of the Company, and experience has proved the safety of Mutual Insurance Companies, as well as the great saving to its members; no stronger argument can be produced in their favor, than the confidence which they receive from the entire community, where such Companies are in successful operation.

Any information respecting the principles of the Company will be cheerfully furnished by the Secretary, or any of its Agents. PETER ADAMS, *Sec'y.*

The Subscriber, having been appointed Agent, will receive applications and make surveys to effect Insurance in said Company.

GEORGE T. COOKE,
Raleigh, N. C.

December 5, 1851. 896—

THE NOVELTY IRON WORKS.

TO my old friends and the public generally, I am pleased to say, that I am now prepared at my new Establishment, the Novelty Works, to execute in the very best manner, Locomotive and Stationary Engines, Saw and Grist Mills, Mill Gearing, Machinery of every description, Iron and Brass Castings in every variety, Screw Cutting, of any desired length and calibre; having the most improved machinery for the purpose to be found North or South.

I employ none but the very best workmen, and expect to put out none but the very best work.

The Novelty Works are under the exclusive management of a practical Machinist, Mr. H. G. BRUCE, who has no superior as an Engineer and Machinist in any country. This establishment was erected exclusively for the benefit of the Citizens of North Carolina, and I can assure them that they need not go out of the State for anything in the above line of business, as I challenge the World to produce a finer STEAM ENGINE or a better MILL than can be purchased at my establishment.

I am now manufacturing several large and small Steam Engines, for Saw Mills to which, and to my facilities for manufacturing them, I would respectfully, call the attention of the public.

All Communications must be post-paid and directed to SILAS BURNS,

Raleigh, N. C.

November 14, 1851. 4—

"Eagle Hotel," Chapel Hill, for Sale.

THE Proprietress of this well known and profitable establishment, having realized a sufficient income to warrant her in resuming the quiet of a private life, offers to the public generally the opportunity of bidding for its advantages.

The citizens of the State are so well acquainted with the advantages of its position, that but few remarks are necessary to complete their information.

The Hotel itself possesses all the requirments of room and comfort, which its purchasers can desire. It has capacity for the accommodation of one hundred and fifty boarders, and the recent and rapid growth of the University, adjacent, makes it an easy matterto possess such or even a greater number of students.

In addition to this, the frequent travel through Chapel Hill gives the Hotel, (being the only one in the place) a transient custom equal to any in the State.

The lots and stables adjoining are extensive and commodious, and the country-market supplies abundantly and on profitable terms much of its provisions.

The terms of sale require one third of the price to be paid on taking possession. A note, with safe security and time of payment suited to the convenience of the purchaser, are the reasonable demands for the remainder.

If further information be desired concerning the inducements to purchase, the President of the University or any other resident of the village, will furnish it.

Possession can be obtained at any time, after the 1st of May. Apply to ANNE S. HILLIARD.

Chapel Hill, N. C. Feb. 27, 1851. 33—

Important to Millers & Mill Owners.

THE Undersigned would respectfully inform those engaged in the Milling Business in N. C., that he keeps constantly on hand, and will supply at the shortest notice, that almost invaluable article

YOUNG'S IMPROVED PATENT SMUT AND SCREENING MACHINE.

The only Machine of the kind that has stood the *test* and given satisfaction to the public. It has surplanted every Smut Machine yet offered in the State, more or less of which has been taken down to make room for it. The public need fear no imposition, as there are now some 280 Machines running in N. C.; and I wish to offer no other references than the gentlemen who are using them, whose expectations have been more than realized in their performance. It not only thoroughly cleanses the Wheat of smut, but also purifies it of all other substances, almost to perfection. It takes up but 4 feet square in the Mill, and requires but little power. It is warranted for five years against breaking or wearing out, and also to retain its cleaning qualities for that time.

There are a number of these Machines through which 100,000 bushels of Wheat have been cleaned, and they have never been out of order one day.

There was awarded to it the Premium at the Maryland State Fair, and a Premium with a Silver Medal, at the Fair of the Maryland Institute, at Baltimore, last Fall.

Address the Subscriber at South Lowell Mills, Orange county, N. C. JNO. A. McMANNEN.

December 21, 1850. 15—tf.

N. C. Mutual Life Insurance Company,

OFFICE RALEIGH, N. C.

THIS Company continues to insure the lives of all healthy White persons and Slaves.

The greatest risk taken on a single life is $5000. Slaves are insured for a term of one to five years for ¾ds their value.

OFFICERS.

Dr. Chas. E. Johnson, President,
Wm. D. Haywood, Vice President,
James F. Jordan, Secretary,
Wm. H. Jones, Treasurer,
Perrin Busbee, Attorney,
Dr. Wm. H. McKee, Examining Physician.
J. Hersman, General Agent.

All losses are paid within 90 days after satisfactory proof is presented.

Blanks and Pamphlets, showing the plan of operation of the Company, may be had on application at the Office, or any of the Agencies. All letters on business should be addressed to JAMES F. JORDAN, *Secretary.*

April 28, 1850. 51—

MILTON FACTORY AND MILL.

J. B. BARRETT & J. D. NEWSOM, Having purchased Mr. Thomas W. Holden's interest in the Milton Cotton Factory and Mills, Lands, Tenements, and debts due the Firm of Barrett, Newsom & Holden, will continue the Manufacturing and Milling business.

They are now putting in operation a set of Woolen Machinery, for the purpose of manufacturing

WOOLEN GOODS,

and will also have two good CARDING MACHINES in order the ensuing season, which will not only afford a market for the sale of Wool, but enable planters to get Domestic Woolens, Cotton Goods, and also Wool Rolls of the first quality.

They have in their employment the most experienced mechanics, and will endeavor to merit public patronage.

BARRETT & NEWSOM.

Milton, March 25, 1851. 41—tf.

PIANO FORTES.

THE Ladies are respectfully invited to call and examine a new and varied assortment of rich and equal Toned Piano Fortes, made by the best Manufacturers in the United States, (Bonnell, Davis & Co.) We challenge competition.

TURNER'S N. C. BOOK STORE.

P. S. Also a fine lot of Piano Stools, and the latest assortment of new Sheet Music, the most fashionable of the day.

Raleigh, Jan. 16, 1851. 22—

IMPORTANT TO FAMILIES!

S. CRANE'S

Patent Compound Wash Mixture.

For Washing Clothes—Also, for Washing, Cleaning, and Beautifying Painted Surfaces, the Walls, Ceilings and Entries; the Halls, Parlors, and Rooms of Private and Public Buildings; the Fronts, Doors and Windows of Fancy Dwellings; the Pews and Interior of Churches; Furniture; the Berths, State Rooms and Cabins of Steamships, Steamboats, and Packet-Ships; Passenger Cars, Brasses, Iron Railing, Glass or Metallic Surfaces, &c., &c.

WARRANTED to give entire satisfaction, and destined to effect an entire revolution in the business of the laundress—being an improved Preparation for Washing Clothes perfectly, with astonishing facility and dispatch, and without injury to texture or color. Every family, of whatever size, can do all their washing in less than one hour, without the labor of rubbing, pounding, bleaching or the friction of a machine, thus saving time, expense and labor, and securing exemption from the diseases caused by the exposure and fatigue incident to the usual mode of Washing, while Clothing itself will be saved from the wear and tear of the wash-board and friction, and last much longer.

The undersigned, having purchased from the Patentee, the sole right and interest for the State of North Carolina, in his Patent Compound Wash Mixture, hereby informs the Public, that he wishes to dispose of Family or County Rights for the same.

Persons living at a distance, wishing to procure the right to make and use this Valuable Preparation, can do so, by remitting **FIVE DOLLARS** to me, at Raleigh, which amount will entitle them to a family right; which right shall be sent by mail immediately, with the proper directions to make and use the same. I am in possession of a large number of certificates from Ladies and Gentlemen of high standing, not only in this State, but in Maryland, Virginia and South Carolina; but, I deem it annecessary to fill a long Advertisement with them, unless requested, as the article will speak for itself, and is so favorably known in all the Northern and Southern States.

I aim to visit all parts of the State at as early a day as possible, to give the Public an opportunity of testing its value.

JOHN J. CHRISTOPHER, is my authorized Agent for this City during my absence.

WESLY WHITAKER, Jr., is the General Travelling Agent.

Feeling satisfied by the use of this Mixture in my own Family, that it cannot fail to please all who try it, I invite all to call and see or send in their orders to

J. J. RYALS.

Raleigh, Sept. 23, 1851. 94—tf.

North Carolina Mutual Insurance Co.

RALEIGH, N. C.

THIS Company has been in successful operation for more than five years, and continues to take risks upon all classes of property in the State (except Steam Mills and Turpentine Distilleries,) upon favorable terms.

Its Policies now cover property amounting to $4,500 000, a large portion of which is in country risks; and its present capital is nearly Six Hundred Thousand Dollars, in bonds properly secured.

The average cost of Insurance upon the plan of this Company has been less than one third of one per cent per annum, on all grades of property embraced in its operations.

The following persons have been elected Directors and Officers of this Company for the present year.

DIRECTORS:

Dr. Josiah O. Watson, Jos. G. B. Roulhac, Richard Smith, John Primrose, Henry D. Turner, S. W. Whiting, T. H. Selby, of Raleigh; Geo. McNeill, Fayetteville, Joshua G. Wright, Wilmington, Jas. E. Hoyt Washington, James Sloan, Greensborough, John Cox, Edenton, Joshua Boner, Salem, Joseph H. Pool, Elizabeth City, Michael Brown, Salisbury, Alexander Mitchell, Newbern, W. N. H. Smith, Murfreesborough, H. B. Williams, Charlotte, John B. Barrett, Milton, and A. T. Summy, Asheville.

All Directors are authorized to receive applications.

OFFICERS OF THE COMPANY:

Josiah O. Watson, President,
J. G. B. Roulhac, Vice President,
Richard Smith, Treasurer,
J. C. Partridge, Secretary,
John H. Bryan, Attorney,
J. Hersman, General Agent.
S. W. Whiting, Richard Smith, John Primrose, } Executive Committee.

All communications in reference to insurance should be addressed to the Secretary, post paid.

J. C. PARTRIDGE, Sec'y.

Raleigh, Jan. 13, 1852. 21—

GREAT EXCITEMENT.

IF YOU WANT TO SAVE A COUPLE HUNDRED DOLLARS, send on your orders for *Turpentine Stills, Caps, Arms, and Worms:* Also, Brandy Stills, and any kind of Copper work, Brass, Machinery, &c.

The prices of Still-caps, Arms, and Worms, are as follows: By the pound 37 cents; or by contract,

7 barrel Still-cap,	Arms and	Worms,	$400
10 do	do	do	485
12 do	do	do	525
14 do	do	do	585
15 do	do	do	615
16 do	do	do	650
20 do	do	do	695
25 do	do	do	750
30 do	do	do	850
35 do	do	do	900

All work will be warranted for 12 months, fire and burning excepted. His work will also be delivered within fifty miles of Raleigh, at the shortest notice; and if I fail to deliver Stills in the time agreed upon, I will forfeit $5 for each day lost, to the purchaser.

JOSEPH WOLTERING.

Raleigh, Sept. 12, 1851. 90—y.

Leather at Wholesale and Retail.

WE respectfully announce to our friends and the trade, generally, that we have determined to spare no efforts on our part to give Petersburg a Leather and Finding Establishment, whose stock shall compare favorably with that of any house, North or South. We are receiving from the importers and manufacturers of the Northern Cities one of the largest and best selected stocks we have ever known in this market, and we pledge ourselves to sell our goods as low as any South of New York, and many articles as low, if not lower, than they are to be had, even there, as we have now in full operation a large and well arranged Tannery, from which we shall be receiving Leather regularly.

We have also Brogans of our own manufacture, which we warrant a superior article.

Also, Shoemakers' Tools and Lasts, together with many other articles usually found in similar establishments, all of which will be sold in accordance with the above statement; and the only way we can prove this, is for purchasers to come and examine for themselves, and we shall be content to abide the result.

F. A. & R. H. FORD,
No. 21, Old Street,
opposite B. P. Harrison's Saddlery.

Petersburg, August 13, 1851. 83—tf.

General Agency and Commission Business.

THE Subscribers have this day entered into a copartnership under the style of WHITAKER, WHITFIELD & Co., for the purpose of doing a general agency and commission business, and in offering their services to the public in that capacity they flatter themselves that they will be able to give satisfaction to all those who may consign any goods, wares, merchandize or country produce to them, either to sell on commission or forward. As it will be our greatest aim to please, we pledge ourselves to spare no pains in giving general satisfaction. They respectfully solicit the patronage of their friends and the public generally. The store is No. 3, North Water St., Dickinson's Fire-proof building, Wilmington, N. C.

JOHN R. WHITAKER,
JAMES W. WHITFIELD,
A. A. B. BOUTHALL.

REFERENCES:—John Dawson, Potter & Kidder, O G. Parsley, Samuel Beery & Sons, G. R. French, and Ellis & Mitchell.

Wilmington, Jan. 29, 1852. 26—tf.

New Books.

NEW themes for the Protestant Clergy, Creeds without Charity, Theology without Humanity, and Protestantism without Christianity, with notes by the Editor on the Literature of Charity, Population, Pauperism, Political Economy, and Protestantism.

The Bible in the family, or hints on domestic happiness, by H. Boardman, Pastor of the Tenth Presbyterian Church, Philadelphia.

For sale at the N. C. Bookstore by

H. D. TURNER.

February 24, 1852. 31—

PIANOS!

NOW receiving at the North Carolina Music Store a splendid assortment of Pianos from the celebrated Factory of Knabe & Gaehle, Baltimore, who received the first Premiums three years in succession, in 1848, 1849 and 1850, at their annual Exhibition of the State of Maryland.

Comprising 6¾ Octaves, Either as Rosewood or Mahogany, Built in an Entire Iron Frame.

GRAND PIANO, in a modern style, handsome wood,	$ 650
" " with carved ornaments, from	$700 to 1000
SQUARE PIANO, splendid carving, ornamented style, [*Drawing, No. 2.*]	450
" " " Gothic style,	400
" " " " " 3,	
" " square cor. case, ogee Tablets, on a large fash stand,	375
" " " " " 4,	
" " round " " ornam'd with modern mouldings,	375
" " " " " 10,	
" " " " plain finish, of superior wood,	350
" " hollow cornered case, ogee Tablets, on a scroll stand,	350
" " " " " 5,	
" " " " on modern legs,	350
" " " " 7-8,	
" " square cor. case, Goth. pattern Tablet and octog. legs,	325
" " hollow " " plain Tablet, and octogan legs,	325
" " " " 7-8,	
" " square " " plain legs,	300

Comprising 6¾ Octaves, entire Iron Frame.

" " fashionable style case, ornamented with mouldings,	0
" " hollow cornered case, and 8 cornered ogee legs,	280
" " square cornered case, gothic Tablets, legs to match,	280

Comprising 6 Octaves, Iron Plate and Bar.

" " hollow cornered case, on a scroll stand, [*Drawing, No. 5.*]	275
" " " " on turned legs,	250
" " square " " fancy Tablet, legs to match,	250
" " " " plain "	225

Drawings of the above numbers can be seen at the Music Store, or when desired any number can be sent to persons wishing to examine.

DRAWING AND PAINTING.

Bristol Board, superior quality, Albums, Tinted Board, Fabers Pencils, Tinted drawing paper, Canvass in the piece and on stretchers, various sizes, Paints, Oils, Varnish, Brushes, Paletts, Palett knives, Palett cups, Maul sticks, black and white Crayons, &c, &c., in short every thing necessary for these tasteful and beautiful accomplishments.

Piano Covers, Gutta Percha figured and plain lined with cloth, in order to secure the Piano against the dampness of the atmosphere, a new and splendid article.

A choice selection of new and popular Music this day received, and for sale by K. W. PETERSILIA.

Raleigh, January 5th, 1852. 18—

JOSEPH WOLTERING,

Manufacturer and Dealer in the following Articles, Raleigh, N. C.

STOVES, tin, iron and copper wares; guns and pistols of all sorts; powder, shot, caps, powder flasks and shot chargers, a fine assortment of pocket and table cutlery, the celebrated Pine India steel razors, mortice locks, with white mineral knobs, from 80 cents to $4, improved rim locks, New Haven locks, carpenter's rim lock, sliding-door lock, people's lock, best furniture lock, dead lock, novelty lock with mineral knobs, mineral locks with Japan mounting, mortice locks with iron bolts and keys, mortice locks with white knobs, rural locks with white mineral knobs, plate locks, smoke-house locks, mortice closet locks with brass fronts, chest locks, horse locks, fancy bushed pad-locks, fine patent dropped Japan padlocks, patent dropped padlock, rim drop latches, Bolwin's night latch, improved bow latches, cupboard lock latches, porcelain knobs, the best ever in this City or State, mineral door knobs, screw, mahogany, and pearl white door knobs, mineral drawer knobs, furniture knobs, pearl white bell-pulls, axle pulleys, Blake's side pulleys, wardrobe hooks, fancy coat and hat hooks, window springs, rim blank shutter hinges, A. C. Palmer's window butts, Clarke's butt hinges, and superior cast butt hinges, curtain pins and handles, coffee mills, candle sticks, dog collars and chains, cloth, shoe, and horse brushes.

ALSO, Carpenter's, Cooper's, Tinner's, and Blacksmith's Tools.

ALSO, nails, screws, scythe-blades, sheep-shears, brass lamps, hand-bells, trace chains, grubbing-hoes, spring-balances, plyers, spades, shovels, hoes, andirons, pans, vices, pumps, Buck's patent improved cooking-stove, and in short every thing needed by farmers and mechanics in the hardware line.

ALSO, a full supply of CARRIAGE TRIMMINGS, such as carriage axles and springs, carriage bands, patent leather hub bands, power loom lace, enamelled canvass, figured maroon, damask alpace, extra fine cambric, and fringe. On hand, also, a full supply of CARRIAGES and BUGGIES.

Smoke-house, Jail, and Bank Locks made to order, warranted not to be picked or broken, and to give satisfaction.

The subscriber is also prepared to execute any and all work in iron, steel, brass, copper, &c. Guns and pistols made to order. Also, strainers for Turpentine Distilleries.

All orders executed promptly and in the best manner. If the subscriber does not sell lower than any body else, and do good work at fair prices, then he will give it up.

Encourage home industry. Now is the time. Call on the subscriber at Raleigh, Wake County, North Carolina, or send your orders by letter.

JOSEPH WOLTERING.

Raleigh, Sept. 12. 1851. 90—1y.

FRESH GARDEN SEEDS,

JUST received and for sale at the Drug Store of WILLIAMS, HAYWOOD, & Co., Raleigh, January 20th, 1852.

Artichoke—Green Globe.
Aparagus—Giant.
Beans—Early China, Valentine Royal Kidney, Red speckled French, Six Weeks, Horticultural Pole, and Large Lima or Butter.
Beets—Early Blood Turnip, Long Blood, Yellow Sugar, French and Sugar.
Cabbage—Early May, Early York, Large York, Early Drumhead, Early Sugar Loaf, Premium Winter Drumhead, Large Bergen, Green Globe Savoy, Premium Flat Dutch, and Red Dutch, for pickling.
Carrot—Early Horn, Long Orange, and Altringham.
Cauliflower—Early and Late.
Celery—White Solid, Rose Coloured, and Silver Giant.
Cress—Curled or Peppergrass.
Cucumber—Early Frame, Early Cluster, Long Green, White Turkey, and Small Gherkin.
Corn—Golden Sioux, Mammoth Sweet, Phil adelphia White, Tuskarora.
Egg Plant—Purple and Large Round.
Lettuce—Royal Cabbage, Ice Coss, Brown Dutch, and Early Silesia.
Melon—Mountain Sprout, Long Island, Carolina, Pine Apple, Yellow Cantelope